# SUWANNEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

## EMPLOYEE WORKPLACE SAFETY PROGRAM

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#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section I – SUWANNEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT'S COMMITMEN' AND INVOLVEMENT POLICY STATEMENT	
Section II – SAFETY COMMITTEE	
Safety Committee Organization	
Responsibilities	
Safety Committee Minutes Form	9
Section III – SAFETY AND HEALTH TRAINING	
Safety and Health Orientation	
Vector Solutions Online Training	
Job-Specific Training	
Periodic Retraining of Employees	
Section IV – EXPOSURE CONTROL PLAN	
Job Classifications	
High Risk	
Medium Risk	
Low Risk	
Communicating Hazard to Employees	
Preventive Measures	
Universal Precautions	
Methods of Control	
Protective Equipment	
Cleaning	
Labeling	
Post Exposure Incident	
Health Care Professional Interaction	
Employee Related Records (Bloodborne Pathogen Standard for High Risk Employees)	
Medical Records	
Training Records Release of Records	
Definitions	
Universal Precautions (Guidelines for the Spread of Communicable Disease	
Body Fluids	
Emergency Care	
Biomedical Waste (BMW) Plan	
Purpose	
Identification/Definition of Biomedical Waste	
Segregation and Handling	
Labeling	
On Site Storage and Transportation	
Records	
Training	
Transmission Concerns in the School System (Body Fluid Source of Infectious Agents)	
Suwannee County District Schools Accident/Incident Report Form	
Suwannee County School District Bloodborne Pathogen Training Sign-In Form	
Section V – FIRST AID PROCEDURES	
Emergency Phone Numbers	
Minor First Aid Treatment	
Non-Emergency Medical Treatment	
Emergency Medical Treatment	
First Aid Training	
First Aid Instructions	
Wounds	
Broken Bones	

Burns	24
Eye Injury	25
Neck and Spine Injury	25
Heat Exhaustion	25
Section VI – ACCIDENT INVESTIGATION	
Accident Investigation Procedures	26
Why Accidents Are Investigated	26
Section VII – RECORDKEEPING PROCEDURES	
Accident and Injury Records	27
Workers' Compensation First Report of Injury or Illness Form (DWC-1)	
Instructions for Completing the Workers' Compensation First Report of Injury or Illness Form (DWC-1)	29
Employee's Report of Injury Form	30
Supervisor's Accident Investigation Form	31
Section VIII – WRITTEN HAZARD COMMUNICATION PROGRAM	20
General Policy	
Container Labeling	
Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS)	
Employee Training and Information	
Training Records	
Informing Other Employees/Employers	
Program Availability	
Purchase Order Statement	33
U.S. Department of Labor MSDS OSHA 174 Form	34
Location Site Chemical Inventory Sheet	
Section IX – ALCOHOL AND DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE PROGRAM	
Policy	
Statutory Authority	
Law Implemented	
History	38
Section V CAPETY DUES DOLICIES AND DDOCEDUDES	20
Section X – SAFETY RULES, POLICIES, AND PROCEDURES	
General Safety Rules	
Lifting Procedures	
General	
When Lifting	
Slips, Trips, and Falls	40
Classroom and Office Safety	41
Office Machines	41
Desks, Tables, etc	41
Swivel Chairs	
Fans	
Waste Baskets	
File Cabinets	
Environmental Concerns: Mold	
Science/Lab Safety	
Safety Wear (Lab)	
Facilities and Equipment (Lab)	
Cafeteria/Food Service Safety	
Receiving Area	
Storage Area	44
Food Preparation Area	44
Serving Area	44
Maintenance and Repair Functions	
Electrical	
Lock-Out/Tag-Out	
Policy	

Sequence Procedures	
Release from Lock-Out	47
Handling Materials	47
Ladders/Scaffolds	47
Tools	48
General	48
Files/Rasps	48
Hammers	48
Knives	49
Pliers	49
Saws/Hacksaws	
Screwdrivers	
Wrenches	
Machines/Power Tools	
General	
Drills	
Grinders	
Power Saws	
Gasoline Engine-Powered Tools	
Groundskeeping/Mower Safety	
Pesticide and Fertilizer Application/Spraying	
Mechanics	
Garage and Repair Shop Safety	
Jacks	
Electric Chain Hoists	
Pits	
Washing Parts	
Welding Safety	
Vehicle/Driver Safety	
General	
Driving/Vehicle Safety	
Fueling Vehicles	
Driving Rules	
Vehicle Maintenance	
Daily	
Weekly	
Monthly	
General	
Vehicle Accidents	
Bus Drivers	
Transportation Employee Drug and Alcohol Testing	
Policy	
Statutory Authority	
Laws Implemented	
History	
Warehouse Personnel	
Forklifts	
Heavy Equipment Safety	
Bulldozers and Tractors	
Shovels, Clamshells, and Loaders	59

#### Section I

#### SUWANNEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT'S COMMITMENT AND INVOLVEMENT POLICY STATEMENT

The Suwannee County School District (SCSD) is committed to providing employees with a safe and healthful workplace. It is the policy of the SCSD that employees report unsafe conditions and do not perform work tasks if the work is considered unsafe. Employees must report all accidents, injuries, and unsafe conditions to their supervisors. No such report will result in retaliation, penalty, or other disincentive.

Employee recommendations to improve safety and health conditions will be given thorough consideration by our management team. The SCSD will give top priority to and provide the financial resources for the correction of unsafe conditions. Similarly, the SCSD will take disciplinary action against an employee who willfully or repeatedly violates workplace safety rules. This action may include verbal or written reprimands and may ultimately result in termination of employment.

The primary responsibility for the coordination, implementation, and maintenance of our Employee Workplace Safety Program has been assigned to:

Name:	Ronnie Gray
<u>Title</u> :	Director of School Safety and Other Administrative
Services Tele	<u>phone</u> : (386) 647-4644

Name:	Lorie Norris
<u>Title</u> :	Risk Manager
Telephone:	(386) 647-4608

Administrators and supervisors will be actively involved with employees in establishing and maintaining an effective safety program. Our Safety Program Coordinator, or other members of our management team, will participate with you or your department's employee representative in ongoing safety and health program activities, which include:

- Promoting safety committee participation;
- Providing safety and health education and training, and
- Reviewing and updating workplace safety rules.

This policy statement serves to express SCSD's commitment to and involvement in providing our employees a safe and healthful workplace. This Employee Workplace Safety Program will be incorporated as the standard of practice for this educational institution. Compliance with the safety rules will be required of all employees as a condition of employment.

#### Section II

#### SAFETY COMMITTEE

#### SAFETY COMMITTEE ORGANIZATION

A safety committee has been established to recommend improvements to our Employee Workplace Safety Program and to identify corrective measures needed to eliminate or control recognized safety and health hazards. The safety committee consists of the following members of our organization:

Safety Program Coordinator:	Director of School Safety and Other Administrative Services
District Level Members:	Superintendent of Schools Chief Financial Officer Risk Manager Facilities Assistant
Sub-Committee Members:	Branford Elementary School Suwannee Pineview Elementary Suwannee Riverside Elementary Suwannee Springcrest Elementary Suwannee Middle School Branford High School Suwannee High School • Principal or Assistant Principal – Chair • Teacher • Nurse • Clerical • P.E. • Custodial RIVEROAK Technical College • Principal – Chair

- Teacher
- Clerical
- Child Care
- Custodial

Food Service

- Director of Food Service Chair
- Food Service Manager at each school site

Transportation

- Director of Transportation Chair
- Clerical
- Bus Driver
- Mechanic

Facilities

- Director of Facilities Chair
- Clerical
- Maintenance
- Landscape
- Custodial

#### **District Office**

- Director of Human Resources
- Chief Financial Officer
- Coordinator of Health Services
- Director of ESE
- Risk Manager

Information Technology (IT) Department

- Director of IT Chair
- Clerical
- Technician

#### RESPONSIBILITES

The Safety Committee shall determine the schedule for evaluating the effectiveness of control measures used to protect employees from safety and health hazards in the workplace.

The Safety Committee will be responsible for assisting the SCSD in reviewing and updating workplace safety rules based on accident investigation findings, any inspection findings, and employee reports of unsafe conditions or work practices; and accepting and addressing anonymous complaints and suggestions from employees.

The Safety Committee will be responsible for assisting the SCSD in updating the Employee Workplace Safety Program by evaluating employee injury and accident records, identifying trends and patterns and formulating corrective measures to prevent recurrence.

The Safety Committee will be responsible for assisting the SCSD in evaluating employee accident and illness prevention programs, and promoting safety and health awareness and coworker participation through continuous improvements to the Employee Workplace Safety Program.

Safety Committee members will participate in safety training and be responsible for assisting the

SCSD in monitoring workplace safety education and training to ensure that it is in place, that it is effective and that it is documented.

First Report of Injury or Illness forms are to be completed and returned as soon as possible to the Risk Manager by the workers' compensation contact person the same day of the accident. The Accident Investigation forms are to be completed by the respective site chairperson, or his/her designee, and then discussed with the Safety Committee for prevention recommendations at each site's monthly meeting.

If there are any Vector Solutions courses pertaining to the nature of any accident, the chairperson and committee may choose to assign the course as a preventative measure. These courses may need to be taken before the employee starts back to work.

The Principals and Asst. Principals will have access in Vector Solutions to run reports and monitor the courses for their employees. They can assign courses that they want their employee to take by emailing the Risk Manager.

Training can be delivered on an in-service day with a sign-in sheet. This will allow the employee to get individual credit for a group setting course. The sign-in sheet will be submitted to the Risk Manager to give credit to each employee that attended.

Chairperson may send the Director of Safety and Security or the Risk Manager offline courses/classes to be added to Vector Solutions. This way the courses can be tracked in our SCSB Safety Program.

#### SAFETY COMMITTEE MINUTES FORM

Date of Committee Meeting:/ /Time:
Minutes Prepared by:Location:
Members in Attendance (Name)
Previous Action Item(s):
Review of Accident(s) Since Previous Meeting:
Recommendation(s) for Prevention:
Recommendation(s) From Anonymous Employee(s):
Suggestions(s) From Employee(s):
Recommended Update(s) to Safety Program:
Recommendation(s) From Accident Investigation Report(s):
Safety Training Recommendation(s):
Comment(s):

#### Section III

#### SAFETY AND HEALTH TRAINING

#### SAFETY AND HEALTH ORIENTATION

Workplace safety and health orientation begins on the first day of initial employment or job transfer. For review and future reference, each employee has access to a copy of this safety manual through the District website at <u>www.suwannee.k12.fl.us</u>, via the LaunchPad link, which you must log in, then click on the Employee Workplace Safety Manual link. Supervisors will ask questions of employees and answer employees' questions to ensure knowledge and understanding of safety rules, policies, and job-specific procedures described in our Employee Workplace Safety Program manual. All employees will be instructed by their supervisors that compliance with the safety rules described in the manual is required.

#### VECTOR SOLUTIONS ONLINE TRAINING

To help maintain a safe learning environment, employees will be required to participate in and complete the Vector Solutions online safety training modules.

#### JOB-SPECIFIC TRAINING

Supervisors will initially train employees on how to perform assigned job tasks safely.

- Supervisors will carefully review with each employee the specific safety rules, policies and procedures that are applicable and that are described in the Employee Workplace Safety Program manual.
- Supervisors will give employees verbal instructions and specific directions on how to do the work safely.
- Supervisors will observe employees performing the work. If necessary, the supervisor will provide a demonstration using safe work practices or remedial instruction to correct training deficiencies before an employee is permitted to do the work without supervision.
- All employees will receive safe operating instructions on seldom-used or new equipment before using the equipment.
- Supervisors will review safe work practices with employees before permitting the performance of new, non-routine or specialized procedures.

#### PERIODIC RETRAINING OF EMPLOYEES

All employees will be retrained periodically on safety rules, policies, and procedures and when changes are made to the Employee Workplace Safety Program manual.

Individual employees will be retrained after the occurrence of a work-related injury caused by an unsafe act or work practice and when a supervisor observes employees displaying unsafe acts, practices, or behaviors.

#### Section IV

#### **EXPOSURE CONTROL PLAN**

#### IN ACCORDANCE WITH OSHA STANDARDS AND BIOMEDICAL WASTE PLAN CHAPTER 10d-104, FAC

The SCSD written Exposure Control Plan was developed for the safety and health of employees.

This written Exposure Control Plan covers all employees who have occupational exposure to bloodborne pathogens. Occupational exposure is defined as "reasonably anticipated" contact with blood or Other Potentially Infectious Materials (OPIM) using universal precautions.

#### JOB CLASSIFICATIONS

Identification of SCSD occupational exposure employees.

#### • HIGH RISK

- 1. All nursing personnel
- 2. C.C.S. teachers and aides
- 3. All preschool teachers and aides
- 4. Elementary Exceptional Student Education (ESE) teachers and aides
- 5. Childcare assistants
- 6. Custodians
- 7. Physical Education teachers, coaches, and aides
- 8. Bus drivers
- 9. Distribution staff
- 10. Building maintenance staff
- 11. Latchkey, childcare, and after-school recreationpersonnel
- 12. Kindergarten through first grade teachers and aides

#### • MEDIUM RISK

- 1. Landscape personnel
- 2. Food Service workers
- 3. Home Ec./Culinary Arts teachers
- 4. Nurse designees
- 5. Secondary ESE teachers and aides

#### • LOW RISK

- 1. Regular classroom teachers and aides
- 2. Administrators
- 3. General office personnel

The Suwannee County School Board <u>approved</u> all full-time Suwannee County School Board employees to receive the Hepatitis B Series effective July 1, 1999.

#### COMMUNICATING HAZARD TO EMPLOYEES

- 1. All persons with potential for exposure receive all information and training
- 2. No cost to employee
- 3. During work hours
- 4. Annually
- 5. Additional training if task modified or new tasks required which effect occupational exposure
- 6. Training by knowledgeable persons includes:
  - a. Accessibility of a copy of regulatorytext of standard and explanations.
  - b. General discussion on bloodborne diseases and their transmissions.
  - c. Explanations of the following:
    - 1) Exposure control plan
    - 2) Work practice controls
    - 3) Use and care of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)
    - 4) Availability of Hepatitis B vaccine
    - 5) Response procedures for emergencies involving blood
    - 6) Procedures for handling exposure incidents
    - 7) Past exposure evaluations
    - 8) Labeling
    - 9) Question and answer period
- 7. Explanation of BFI's Biomedical Waste Plan

#### **PREVENTIVE MEASURES**

- 1. Hepatitis B Vaccine Series
  - a. Available to all high risk occupational exposure employees within ten working days of exposure
  - b. Booster doses recommended by U.S. Public Health Service; provided at no cost
- 2. Post exposure evaluation and follow up of exposure incident.
  - a. Medical evaluations at no cost
    - 1) If refused, written release signed and understood that it can be requested at no cost at a later date
  - b. Hepatitis B Vaccine at no cost
  - c. Must be offered to any employee within 10 working days if occupationallyexposed unless they previously received a complete Hepatitis BSeries
  - d. In the event an employee has a significant blood incident, Hepatitis B Series isoffered

#### **UNIVERSAL PRECAUTIONS**

- 1. See sheet for guidelines for preventing the spread of communicable disease.
- 2. All human blood and certain body fluids are treated as potentially infectious.

#### METHODS OF CONTROL

- 1. Readily accessible hand washing facilities
- 2. Distribution and collection site of biomedical waste:
  - a. Will take place at each site/ department as necessary.
- 3. Gloves (see Universal Precautions' Guidelines for Preventing the Spread of Communicable Diseases)

#### **PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT**

- 1. Gloves provided to all employees at no cost
- 2. Gloves replaced as needed
- 3. School buses have emergency sanitation kits

#### CLEANING

- 1. Contaminated equipment and work surfaces are cleaned with an OSHA/EPA approved germicidal disinfectant. (**Bleach is not** an OSHA approved disinfectant for the workplace due to its strong smell and corrosive properties.)
- 2. Receptacles decontaminated after contamination
- 3. Regulated waste stored in closed leak-proof labeled containers
- 4. Contaminated sharps stored in approved upright containers
- 5. Broken glass picked up with broom and dustpan

#### LABELING

1. See BFI's Biomedical Waste Plan

#### POST EXPOSURE INCIDENT

- If an emergency, call 911. If not an emergency, use HCA Florida Suwannee Emergency, 1116 SW 11<sup>th</sup> Street, Live Oak, FL 32064, (386) 362-0800, or the nearest emergency medical room, or the SCSD Wellness Center, 300 Pinewood Drive SW, Live Oak, FL 32064, (386) 647-4690.
- 2. Report immediately to the Coordinator of Health Services at (386) 647-4277. If not available, report immediately to the Risk Manager at (386) 647-4608.
- 3. Fill out the Accident Incident Report Form (5100-002) and send to the Coordinator of Health Services at the SCSD's County Office and route to others as the form requires.
- 4. All employees who incur an exposure incident will be offered post exposure evaluation and follow up in accordance with the OSHA standards.
- 5. This follow up will include the following:
  - a. Documentation of the route of exposure and the circumstances related to the incident.
  - b. If possible, the identification of the source individual and the status of the source individual. The blood of the source individual will be tested for HIV/HBV infectivity, <u>if consent is given</u>. If this is done, results of testing of the source individual will be made available to the exposed employee with the exposed employee informed about the applicable individual.
  - c. The employee may have blood testing done to determine HIV/HBV status. The employee will be offered the Hepatitis B vaccine. The blood sample will be preserved for up to 90 days to allow the employee to decide if the blood should be tested for HIV status. However, if the employee decides before that time that testing will or will not be conducted, then the appropriate action can be taken and the blood sample discarded.
- 6. The employee will be offered post-exposure prophylaxis when medically indicated in accordance with the current recommendations of the U.S. Public Health Service.
  - a. The employee will be given appropriate counseling concerning precautions to takeduring the period after the exposure incident. The employee should also be given information on

what potential illness to be alert for and to report any related experiences to appropriate personnel.

- b. All blood testing will be done through HCA Florida Suwannee Emergency or the SCSD Wellness Center.
- c. Following post exposure evaluation, the employee may go to the HCA Florida Suwannee Emergency, 1116 SW 11<sup>th</sup> Street, or the SCSD Wellness Center, 300 Pinewood Drive SW, for medical evaluation. The employee should receive appropriate counseling concerning information on what potential illness to be alert for and to report any related experiences to Shands Live Oak Regional Medical Center or the SCSD Wellness Center. Contact the Coordinator of Health Services for other arrangements, if unable to reach Shands Live Oak Regional Medical Center or the SCSD Wellness Center.
- d. Shands Live Oak Regional Medical Center or the SCSD Wellness Center will provide a written confidential medical evaluation to the school system. The school system will then provide a written opinion to the employee.

#### HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONAL INTERACTION

A written opinion shall be obtained from HCA Florida Suwannee Emergency, or the SCSD Wellness Center, who will evaluate employees of the SCSD within 15 days of the completed evaluation. Written opinions will be obtained in the following instances:

- 1. When the employee is sent to obtain the Hepatitis B vaccine.
- 2. Whenever the employee is sent to the health care professional following an exposure incident. Health care professionals shall be instructed to limit their opinions to:
  - a. Whether the Hepatitis B vaccine is indicated and if the employee has received the vaccine, or for evaluation following an incident.
  - b. That the employee has been informed of the evaluation and received acopy.
  - c. That the employee knows of the medical conditions resulting from exposure to blood or OPIM.
- 3. All other findings or diagnoses shall remain confidential and shall not be included in the written report.

## EMPLOYEE RELATED RECORDS (BLOODBORNE PATHOGEN STANDARD FOR HIGH RISK EMPLOYEES)

#### • MEDICAL RECORDS

- 1. Confidential medical records maintained for duration of employment plus 30 years to include:
  - a. Employee's name (social security number available in PersonnelDepartment)
  - b. Hepatitis B vaccination status-including dates of all hepatitis vaccinations and medical records related to ability to receive vaccinations
  - c. Any results of exposure examinations, medical testing, post exposure evaluations and follow up procedures
  - d. Employee's copy of the health care professional's written opinion of exposure
  - e. Copy of information provided to health care professional
- 2. Stored in SCSD Human Resources Department

#### • TRAINING RECORDS

- 1. Stored in SCSD with the Risk Manager
- 2. Maintained for three years
- 3. Copy sent to Safety Program's Chairperson
- 4. Includes:
  - a. Training dates and times
  - b. Content of training
  - c. Names and identification of trainers
  - d. Name and job titles of employees
- 5. Annual training and/or provisions for retraining when either rule or planchanges
- 6. New employees trained in handling and proper management of biomedical wastebefore duties commence

#### • RELEASE OF RECORDS

- 1. Both medical and training records should be available for inspection by the state and federal planning boards.
- 2. Medical records obtained only by employee or by written consent of employee.
- 3. Training records available to employees or employee representative by request.
- 4. If employee leaves the school system, medical and training records shall be transferred to successor employee; if no successor employee, NIOSH will be notified forinstructions of disposition of records at least three months prior to intended disposal.

#### DEFINITIONS

•	Bloodborne Pathogens:	Disease-causing microorganisms that may be present in human blood. Two pathogens of significance are Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) and Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV). A number of bloodborne diseases other than HBV and HIV exist, such as Hepatitis C, Hepatitis D, and syphilis.
•	Contaminated:	Means the presence of or the reasonable anticipated presence of blood or OPIM.
•	Exposure Incident:	A specific eye, mouth, or other mucous membrane, non-intact skin, or parenteral contact with blood or OPIM that results from the performance of an employee's duties.
•	Occupational Exposure:	Means a reasonably anticipated skin, eye, mucous membrane, or parenteral contact with blood or OPIM that may result from the performance of the employee's duties.

•	OPIM	Includes the following human body fluids: cerebrospinal fluid, synovial fluid, pleural fluid, semen, vaginal secretions, pericardial fluid, amniotic fluids, saliva in dental procedures, peritoneal fluid, any body fluid visibly contaminated with blood, and all body fluids in situations where it is difficult or impossible to differentiate between body fluids. OPIM also includes: HIV-containing cells or tissue cultures, organ cultures, and HIV or HBV containing culture medium, or other solutions; and blood organs, or other tissue from experimental animals infected with HIV or HBV.
•	Parenteral:	Means piercing mucous membranes or skin barrier through such events as needle sticks, human bites, cuts, and abrasions.
•	Universal Precautions:	An approach to infection control. All human blood and OPIM are treated as if known to be infectious for HIV, HBV, and other bloodborne pathogens.

#### UNIVERSAL PRECAUTIONS (GUIDELINES FOR THE SPREAD OF COMMUNICABLE DISEASE) (AN APPROACH TO INFECTION CONTROL)

The following procedures will be instituted for ALL employees/volunteers working in the SCSD. These guidelines are meant to provide simple and effective precautions against the spread of communicable disease. The body fluids of all persons should be considered potentially infectious. All human blood and OPIM are treated as if known to be infectious for HIB, HBV, and other bloodborne pathogens. Other OPIM include the following human body fluids:

#### • BODY FLUIDS

- 1. Gloves are required when direct hand contact with body fluids is anticipated, such as treating bloody wounds, cleaning up cuts, scrapes, handling clothes soiled by stool and urine, and cleaning up small spills by hand. Gloves used for this purpose will be discarded in a plastic bag. Hands will be washed thoroughly with soap and water afterwards. Soap will be available in restrooms <u>at all times.</u>
- 2. Clothing and other non-disposable items (i.e., towels used to wipe up accidents) saturated through with body fluids, if visible blood present, will be placed in a covered container (10% bleach solution) for 15 to 20 minutes or placed in a plastic bag. Then clothing will be sent home in a plastic bag for washing with appropriate directions to parents. Contaminated disposable items (i.e. tissues, paper towels, diapers) will be put in a plastic bag, if blood or OPIM present and stored in a lined, covered trash can for appropriate disposal. Used feminine personal products will be placed in a bagged

container provided in restrooms.

- 3. All hard surfaces and equipment coming in contact with body fluids or blood must be washed and disinfected in an OSHA/EPA approved germicidal disinfectant. Gloves will be worn when disinfecting and then disposed of in a plastic bag. Hands will be washed with soap afterwards.
- 4. Sharp items (such as needles) will be considered as potentially infectious and behandled with extraordinary care to prevent injury. Used needles and syringes will be disposed of in the biohazards container provided. Recapping, removing, and bending needles is prohibited.

#### • EMERGENCY CARE

Disposable airway equipment will be readily available for emergency mouth-to-mouth resuscitation for a student or employee. All staff will be informed as to its location. A written notice indicating the location of the equipment will be posted beside the list of personnel trained to administer emergency care.

#### **BIOMEDICAL WASTE (BMW) PLAN**

This policy covering the management and disposal of BMW has been adopted by the Suwannee County School Board, 1740 Ohio Avenue, South, Live Oak, Florida 32064, effective 1994, and revised October 2010.

#### • PURPOSE

To provide the proper management of BMW within the facility in a manner that is consistent and within the guidelines established by Chapter 10D-104 of the Florida Administrative Code.

#### • IDENTIFICATION/DEFINITION OF BMW

The general definition of BMW is more easily understood when first broken down into two general categories, sharps and non-sharps BMW.

- 1. Sharps are defined as devices with physical characteristics capable of puncturing skin. These devices include, but are not limited to, needles and syringes (whether used or unused), intact or broken hard plastics which have been contaminated with human blood or body fluids, and intact or broken glass which has been contained with human blood or body fluids.
- 2. Non-Sharp BMW is all other waste which is not classified as a sharp (bandages, gauze, drapes, gloves, etc., which are contaminated).

BMW is defined in Chapter 10D-104 Florida Administrative Code (HRS), as any solid or liquid waste which may present a threat of infection to humans. The term includes but is not limited to:

- 1. Non-liquid human tissue and body parts
- 2. Laboratory and veterinary waste which contains human disease causing agents
- 3. Discarded sharps

- 4. Human blood and human blood products
- 5. OPIM which have the potential to harbor pathogens such as HIV or HBV
- 6. Used absorbent materials such as bandages, gauze, or sponges that are saturated or capable of releasing in a compressed state

**NOTE:** OSHA regulations consider absorbent material to be BMW with any amount of blood or body fluid contamination.

#### • SEGREGATION AND HANDLING

BMW is identified, segregated from all other solid waste, and placed into an appropriate waste receptacle at point of origin. "Point of origin" is defined as the room or area where the BMW is generated.

- All BMW considered to be "sharps" shall be discarded directly into a leak-proof, puncture resistant container that has been designed primarily for the containment of sharps. The sharps containers will be located in the following school clinics and sites: Suwannee Pineview Elementary, Suwannee Riverside Elementary, Suwannee Springcrest Elementary, Branford Elementary School, Suwannee Middle School, Branford High School, Suwannee High School, SCSD Bus Garage, RIVEROAK Technical College (RTC) Nursing Lab, and RTC.
- 2. All non-sharp BMW shall be disposed of directly into an approved plastic bag that meets the specifications listed in Chapter 10D-104 of the Florida Administrative Code. Plastic bags and their containers will be located in the following schools and sites: Suwannee Pineview Elementary, Suwannee Riverside Elementary, SuwanneeSpringcrest Elementary, Branford Elementary School, Suwannee Middle School, Branford High School, Suwannee High School, SCSD Bus Garage, RIVEROAK Technical College (RTC) Nursing Lab, RTC, SCSD County Office, and FacilitiesDepartment.
- 3. When filled, all sharps containers shall be properly sealed, labeled, and placed in the approved container. These containers are located in the health clinics and custodian supply rooms at school sites. In other areas, locations are designated by the supervisor of that department.

#### • LABELING

Each BMW container (sharps containers, box) shall be labeled as required by 10D- 104.05(3) F.A.C. The following information shall be included:

- 1. Facility name, address, and date on the box the day that it was firstput into use
- 2. Name and address on the sharps container when in use
- 3. Date the sharps container is sealed full

#### • ON SITE STORAGE AND TRANSPORTATION

All on-site storage of BMW shall be in a designated area, away from general traffic flow patterns, and only accessible to authorized personnel. Storage of BMW shall not be for a period of greater than 30 days. The 30 day period shall commence when the sharps container is placed into use and when it becomes full.

All areas primarily used for the storage of BMW, other than the "Point of Origin," shall be

constructed of smooth, easily cleaned materials that are impervious to liquids and capable of being readily maintained in a sanitary condition.

BMW will be taken from the "Point of Origin," and transported to the storage area which is located at the Material Distribution Center. Protective gloves (PPE) shall be worn at all times when handling all BMW. If any spillage of BMW occurs, the clean-up guidelines in 10D-104 will be adhered to (i.e. 10% bleach solution, approved tuberculocidle, etc.).

#### • **RECORDS**

All BMW management records, including any and all documents provided by the transporter, shall be maintained for a minimum period of three years. All pertinent documents such as "plastic bag letters," transporters, "DER Certificate," proof of training records, and the "generators permit," will be available for inspection upon request from the Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services.

#### • TRAINING

All employees who are involved in the handling, disposal, and/or management of BMW shall receive annual training and accessibility to this document at all times. Proof of annual training of new and current employees of this policy will also be kept on file for inspection. The annual update and training schedule is as follows: (See sheet marked "Bloodborne Pathogen Training," on page 27.)

## TRANSMISSION CONCERNS IN THE SCHOOL SYSTEM (BODY FLUID SOURCE OF INFECTIOUS AGENTS)

BODY FLUID SOURCE	ORGANISM OF CONCERN	TRANSMISSION CONCERN
Blood -Cuts/abrasions -Nosebleeds -Menses	Hepatitis B virus AIDS virus Cytomegalovirus	Bloodstream inoculation through cuts and abrasions on hands
-Contaminated needle		Direct bloodstream inoculation
*Feces	Salmonella bacteria Shigella bacteria Rota virus Hepatitis A virus	Oral inoculation from contaminated hands
*Urine -Incontinence	Cytomegalovirus	Bloodstream and oral inoculation from contaminated hands
*Respiratory secretions -Saliva -Nasal discharge	Mononucleosis virus Common Cold virus Influenza virus	Oral inoculation from contaminated hands
	Hepatitis B virus	Bloodstream inoculation through cuts and abrasions on hands; bites
*Vomitus	Gastrointestinal virus	Oral inoculation from Contaminated hands
Semen	Hepatitis B virus AIDS virus Gonorrhea	Sexual contact (Intercourse)

\* Possible transmission of AIDS has not been documented from these sources.

From: <u>Prevention of Disease Transmission in Schools: Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome</u> (AIDS); State of Connecticut Department of Education and Department of Health Services; March 1985

#### SUWANNEE COUNTY DISTRICT SCHOOLS ACCIDENT/INCIDENT REPORT FORM

Student	Informa	tion			-		
Name:							Date of incident:
Date of bi	rth:		Grade:		Male	Female	Time of incident:
	•		•				· · ·
Parent/0	Guardiar	Information					
Names:							Work Phone:
Address:							Home Phone:
City:				State:	Zip:		Cell Phone:
School Ir	nformati	on					
School:							Phone:
Location	of Incid	ent					
□ Athlet	ic field	Cafeteria	🗌 Gymnasium	n 🗆 Pa	arking lot 🛛 🗌	Restroom	Vocation shop/lab
🗆 Bus		Classroom	Hallway	🗆 Pl	ayground 🗌	Stairway	
Other,	, explain:						
Time of I	ncident						
		Lunch	P.E. class	🗆 In	class (not P.E.)	Class char	nge 🛛 Field trip
□ Before		□ After school					
□ Other				•			
	, explain						
Athlatia	Dreation	/Cossien					
Athletic							
	ic team c	ompetition	Intramura	competit	ion		
<b>-</b> .							
Equipme							
□ No eq							
	ment invo	olved, describe:					
		l that apply)					
🗌 Aspha		Concrete	Gravel	Ice/snc	ow 🗌 Mat(s)	•	
Carpe <sup>®</sup>		Dirt 🗌	Lawn/grass	Sand	🗆 Tile	🗌 Gymnasi	ium floor
Other,	, specify:						

#### Type of Injury (check all that apply)

	Head	Eye	Ear	Nose	Mouth/lips	Tooth/teeth	Jaw	Chin	Neck/throat	Collarbone	Shoulder	Upper arm	Elbow	Forearm	Wrist	Hand	Finger	Fingernail	Chest/ribs	Back	Abdomen	Groin	Genitals	Pelvis/hip	Leg	Knee	Ankle	Foot	Toe
Abrasion/scrape																													
Bite																													
Bump/swelling																													
Bruise																													
Burn/scald																													
Cut/laceration																													
Dislocation																													
Fracture																													
Pain/tenderness																													
Puncture																													
Sprain																													
Other (Describe)		-	•	•	•	•	-	-		-	•		-			-	•	-	-		-	-	-		•	-			

ontributing Factors (check all that apply)         Animal bite       Compression/I         Hit with thrown object       Fall         Contact with hot or toxic substance	[	□ Tripped/	ension/twisto 'slipped body/object	ed   Struck by c  Collision w  Physical al	
		-	body/object		
Collision with person Weapon, specify:	or other suc	ostance			auto, bike, etc.
Other, explain:					
escription of the Incident					
itnesses to the Incident (Please provide full na	ame and pos	ition of each	witness)		
aff Involved (check all that apply)					
Assistant staff $\Box$ Bus driver $\Box$ Cafeteri	a staff 🗆	Custadian			ecretary 🗌 Teacher
Other, specify:		Custodiar			ecretary 🗌 Teacher
Other, specify:					
cident Response (check all that apply)					
] First Aid	Time:		By whom:		
Called 911	Time:		By whom:		
Parent/guardian notified	Time:		By whom:		
] Unable to contact parent/guardian	Time:		By whom:		
Parents decided no medical action necessary	🗆 Return	ed to class		□ Sent/taken home	Days of school missed:
] Taken to health care provider/clinic/	Diagnosis	:			Days of school missed:
hospital/urgent care					
] Hospitalized	Diagnosis	:			Days of school missed:
Restricted school activity	Explain:				
·	Length of	time restric	cted:		Days of school missed:
Other, explain:					
scribe Care Provided to the Student:					
ditional Comments:					
gnature of staff member completing form					Date/time
ırse's signature					Date/time

Nurse's signature

Principal's signature

Instructions: Teacher or employee witnessing the accident/incident should complete this form immediately and fax to Lorie Norris, Risk Manager, at (386) 364-2635. SEND HARD COPY AFTER SIGNATURES ARE OBTAINED. All witnesses to accident/incident are to submit a written statement to attach to this form.

Date/time

#### SUWANNEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### **BLOODBORNE PATHOGEN TRAINING SIGN-IN FORM**

#### OSHA AND STATE REQUIRED FOR OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE EMPLOYEES

#### VIDEO - Bloodborne Pathogens (School Version) BY: SmithKline Beecham

CONTENTS: Discussion of Bloodborne Pathogen Diseases

Explanation of - Exposure Control Plan

- Work Practice Controls
- Use and Care of Personal Protective Equipment
- Availability of Hepatitis B Vaccine
- Response Procedures for Emergencies Involving Blood
- Procedures for Handling Exposure Incidents
- Post Exposure Evaluations and Follow-up with Question and Answer Period

DATE: INSTRUCTOR:	DATE: INSTRUCTOR:	
-------------------	-------------------	--

NAME	FACILITY	POSITION
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6.		
7.		
8.		
9.		
10.		
11.		

#### Section V

#### FIRST AID PROCEDURES

#### **EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBERS**

Health Coordinator:	SCSD Coordinator of Health Services Poison Control Fire Department	(386) 647-4277 911 or (800) 222-1222 (386) 364-2943 or (386) 362-1313
First Aid:	School Nurse or Supervisor Sheriff EMS	362-2222 or Police 362-7463 911
Medical Clinic:	HCA Florida Suwannee Emergency 1116 SW 11 <sup>th</sup> Street Live Oak, FL 32064 OR	(386) 362-0800
	SCSD Wellness Center 300 Pinewood Dr SW Live Oak, FL 32064	(386) 647-4690

#### MINOR FIRST AID TREATMENT

First aid kits are kept in the nurse's clinic, high risk classrooms, and/or appropriate areas. If you sustain an injury or are involved in an accident requiring minor first aid treatment:

- 1. Inform your supervisor
- 2. Administer first aid treatment to the injury or wound
- 3. Log in the first aid log book
- 4. If a first aid kit is used, indicate usage on the accident investigation report
- 5. Access to a first aid kit is not intended to be a substitute for medical attention
- 6. Provide details for the completion of the Accident Investigation Report
- 7. Notify the Risk Manager at (386)647-4608

#### NON-EMERGENCY MEDICAL TREATMENT

For non-emergency work-related injuries requiring professional medical assistance, administrators or supervisors must first authorize treatment. If you sustain an injury requiring treatment other than first aid:

- 1. Inform your supervisor
- 2. Complete a First Report of Injury or Illness Form (see Instructions under Section VII)
- 3. Notify the Risk Manager at (386)647-4608
- 4. Call the medical clinic to inform them of injury, and send a copy of the First Report of Injury

or Illness Form with the employee

- 5. Proceed to the posted medical facility; your supervisor will assist with transportation, if necessary
- 6. Provide details for the completion of the First Report of Injury or Illness Form and Accident Investigation Report

#### EMERGENCY MEDICAL TREATMENT

If you sustain a severe injury requiring emergency treatment:

- 1. Call for help and seek assistance from a coworker
- 2. Use the emergency telephone numbers and instructions posted next to the telephone in your work area to request assistance and transportation to the local hospital emergencyroom
- 3. Notify supervisor if possible; If unable, coworker should notify them
- 4. Notify the Risk Manager at (386)647-4608
- 5. Provide details for the completion of the First Report of Injury or Illness Form and the Accident Investigation Report

#### FIRST AID TRAINING

Each employee will receive training and instructions from his or her supervisor on our first aid procedures.

#### FIRST AID INSTRUCTIONS

## In all cases requiring emergency medical treatment, immediately call, or have a coworker call, to request emergency medical assistance.

#### • WOUNDS

- 1. Minor: Cuts, lacerations, abrasions, or punctures
  - a. Wash the wound using soap and water; rinse it well
  - b. Cover the wound using clean dressing
- 2. Major: Large, deep, and bleeding
  - 1) Stop the bleeding by pressing directly on the wound, using a bandage or cloth
  - 2) Keep pressure on the wound until medical help arrives

#### • BROKEN BONES

- 1. Do not move the victim unless it is absolutely necessary
- 2. If the victim must be moved, "splint" the injured area; use a board, cardboard, or rolled newspaper as a splint

#### • BURNS

- 1. Thermal (Heat)
  - a. Rinse the burned area, without scrubbing it, and immerse it in cold water; do not use ice water
  - b. Blot dry the area and cover it using sterile gauze or a cleancloth
- 2. Chemical

a. Flush the exposed area with cool water immediately for 15 to 20 minutes.

#### • EYE INJURY

- 1. Small particles
  - a. Do not rub your eyes
  - b. Use the corner of a soft clean cloth to draw particles out or hold the eyelid open and flush the eyes continuously with water
- 2. Large or stuck particles
  - a. If a particle is stuck in the eye, do not attempt to remove it
  - b. Cover both eyes with bandage
  - c. Seek professional assistance

#### • NECK AND SPINE INJURY

If the victim appears to have injured his or her neck or spine, or is unable to move his or her arm or leg, do not attempt to move the victim unless it is absolutely necessary.

#### • HEAT EXHAUSTION

- 1. Loosen the victim's tight clothing
- 2. Give the victim "sips" of cool water
- 3. Make the victim lie down in a cooler place with the feet raised

#### Section VI

#### ACCIDENT INVESTIGATION

The primary purpose of accident investigation is to prevent future accidents.

#### ACCIDENT INVESTIGATION PROCEDURES

Fairness and impartiality are absolutely essential in the investigation.

An Accident Investigation Report will be performed by a Safety Committee member at the location where the accident occurred. The Risk Manager is responsible for seeing that the Accident Investigation Report is completed and that the recommendations are being addressed. All accidents, injuries, and occupational diseases will be investigated using the following procedures:

- 1. Implement temporary control measures to prevent any further injuries to employees.
- 2. Review the equipment, operations, and processes to gain an understanding of the accident situation.
- 3. Identify and interview each witness and anyother person who might provide clues to the accident's causes.
- 4. Obtain pictures and/or video of the injury and incident.
- 5. Investigate causal conditions and unsafe acts.
- 6. Complete the Accident Investigation Report.
- 7. Provide recommendations for corrective actions based on existing facts.
- 8. Indicate the need for additional or remedial safetytraining.

#### WHY ACCIDENTS ARE INVESTIGATED

- 1. To determine direct cause.
- 2. To determine indirect or root cause.
- 3. To prevent similar accidents from occurring.
- 4. To document the facts.
- 5. To promote safety.
- 6. To provide cost data.

Accident investigation reports must be submitted to the Risk Manager and the site Safety Committee within 24 hours of the accident.

#### Section VII

#### **RECORDKEEPING PROCEDURES**

#### ACCIDENT AND INJURY RECORDS

The Risk Manager will control and maintain all employee accident and injury records. Records are maintained for a minimum of five (5) years and include:

- Accident Investigation Report
- Workers' Compensation First Report of Injury or Illness Form (DWC1)

Risk Manager and the Director of School Safety and Other Administrative Services will control and maintain all employee training records for:

- Hazardous Communications (MSDS)
- Lock-out/Tag-out
- First Aid/C.P.R.
- Respiratory Protection
- Bloodborne Pathogens
- Any Other Safety Specific Training

FIRST REPORT OF INJURY OR ILLNESS	RECEIVED BY CLAIMS-HANDLING ENTITY	SENT TO DIVISION DATE	DIVISION RECEIVED DATE
FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL SERVICES DIVISION OF WORKERS' COMPENSATION			
For assistance call 1-800-342-1741 or contact your local EAO Office			

PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE		EMPLOYEE INFORMATION			
NAME (First, Middle, Last)		Social Security Number	Date of Accident (Mor	nth-Day-Year)	Time of Accident
				ium A	AM PM
HOME ADDRESS		EMPLOYEE'S DESCRIPTION OF ACCIDE	ENT (Include Cause of In	njury)	
Street/Apt #:					
City: State	:: Zip:				
TELEPHONE Area Code	Number	]			
OCCUPATION		INJURY/ILLNESS THAT OCCURRED		PART OF BODY AF	FECTED
DATE OF BIRTH	SEX				
11	<u> М</u> Г	EMPLOYER INFORMATION			
		FEDERAL I.D. NUMBER (FEIN)		DATE FIRST REPO	RTED (Month/Day/Year)
D. B. A.:		NATURE OF BUSINESS		POLICY/MEMBER N	NUMBER
Street:					
City: State	:: Zip:				
TELEPHONE Area Code	Number	DATE EMPLOYED		PAID FOR DATE OF	FINJURY
		//			YES NO
		LAST DATE EMPLOYEE WORKED		WILL YOU CONTIN	UE TO PAY WAGES INSTEAD OF
EMPLOYER'S LOCATION ADDRESS (If o	different)	//_//_//_///_///_///_///_////		WORKERS' COMP?	P YES
Street:				LAST DAY WAGES	WILL BE PAID INSTEAD OF
City: State:	Zip:	IF YES, GIVE DATE	NU	WORKERS' COMP	
LOCATION # (If applicable)		11			//
PLACE OF ACCIDENT (Street, City, State	e, Zip)	DATE OF DEATH (If applicable)		RATE OF PAY	HR WK
Street:		//		\$	PER DAY MO
City: State	: Zip:	AGREE WITH DESCRIPTION OF ACCIDI	ENT?	Number of hours per	r day
COUNTY OF ACCIDENT		YES	NO	Number of hours per Number of days per	
Any person who, knowingly and with inten	t to injure, defraud, or deceive any employer	or employee, insurance company, or self-insur	red program, files a	NAME, ADDRESS A	
statement of claim containing any false or F.S.	misleading information commits insurance fra	aud, punishable as provided in s. 817.234. Se	ection 440.105(7),	OF PHYSICIAN OR	HOSPITAL
I have reviewed, understand and ackno	wledge the above statement.				
EMPLOYEE SIGNATU	RE (If available to sign)	DATE			
EMPLOYER S	SIGNATURE	DATE		AUTHORIZED BY E	MPLOYER 🗌 YES 🗌 NO
		CLAIMS-HANDLING ENTITY INFOR	MATION		
1(a) Denied Case - DWC-12, N	Notice of Denial Attached	2. Medical Only wh	ich became Lost Tim	e Case (Complete	e all required information in #3)
1(b) Indemnity Only Denied Ca	ase - DWC-12, Notice of Denial Attach	ed Employee's 8 <sup>TH</sup>	Day of Disability		II
		Entity's Knowledge	of 8 <sup>TH</sup> Day of Disabilit	ty/	I
3. Lost Time Case - 1st day of	disability / /	Full Salary in lieu of comp?	? 🗌 YES Full Sa	alary End Date	//
Date First Payment Mailed _	11	AWW	Comp Ra	ate	
🗆 Т.Т. 🗌 Т.Т8	00% 🗌 T.P. 🔲 I.B.	DP.T. DEATH	SETTLEMENT ON	ILY	
Penalty Amount Paid in 1 <sup>st</sup> P	ayment \$ Interest A	mount Paid in 1 <sup>st</sup> Payment \$			
REMARKS:			INSURER NAME		
			-		
			CLAIMS-HANDLING	ENTITY NAME, ADD	RESS & TELEPHONE
INSURER CODE #	EMPLOYEE'S CLASS CODE	EMPLOYER'S NAICS CODE			
SERVICE CO/TPA CODE #	CLAIMS-HANDLING ENTITY FILE #				
Form DFS-F2-DWC-1 (10/2016) Rule 69L-3.02	25. F.A.C.		I		

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE FIRST REPORT OF INJURY OR

ILLNESS FORM (DWC-1) (Complete the employee and employer information sections only.)

#### **EMPLOYEE INFORMATION**

- <u>Name, Address, Telephone, Occupation, Date of Birth, Sex, Social Security Number, Date of Injury, and Time of Accident</u> These sections areself-explanatory.
- <u>Employee's Description of Accident</u> Describe the accident, including exactly what happened in detail and where the accident took place. Describe any equipment or material that was involved.
- <u>Injury/Illness that Occurred</u> List what injury or illness that occurred (pain, laceration, swelling, etc.).
- <u>Part of Body Affected</u> List the part of the body affected in the accident (left arm, back, right leg, etc.).

#### **EMPLOYER INFORMATION**

- <u>Company Name, Address, Telephone</u> Suwannee County School District, 1740 Ohio Avenue, South, Live Oak, Florida 32064, (386) 647-4600.
- <u>Employer's Location Address</u> Your location of work (SPS, SES, Facilities Department, etc.).
- <u>Place of Accident</u> Location, name, and address of place where the accidentoccurred.
- Federal I.D. Number (FEIN) –59-6000872
- <u>Nature of Business</u> Educational facility and/or department you work in (pre-k teacher, custodian, secretarial, etc.).
- <u>Date Employed</u> First day of the employee's employment (this information can be obtained from the Payroll Department at the SCSD County Office, extension #4612,#4616, and #4608).
- <u>Last Date Employee Worked</u> Enter the last date employee worked. If no days were missed, enter "continues to work."
- <u>Returned to Work</u> Check yes or no. If yes, give date employee returned to work.
- <u>Date of Death</u> Leave blank unless death occurred. This section isself-explanatory.
- <u>Agree with Description of Accident</u> According to employee's opinion, check yes or no.
- <u>Date First Reported</u> The day the accident was first recorded.
- <u>Policy Member Number</u> Leave blank.
- <u>Paid for Date of Injury</u> Yes.
- <u>Will You Continue to Pay Wages Instead of Workers' Comp. Yes.</u>
- Last Day Wages will be Paid Instead of Workers' Comp. Leave Blank.
- <u>Rate of Pay, Hours a Day, Hours a Week, Number of Days</u> This information can be obtained from the Payroll Department at the SCSD County Office, extension #4612, #4616, and #4608.
- <u>Name, Address and Telephone of Physician or Hospital</u> Enter the appropriate information on the first medical facility the injured employeeattended.

#### Both the employee and employer/supervisor signature is required and enter date signed.

\*\* Give the injured employee a copy of the First Report of Injury or Illness Form to take to the medical facility. Keep a copy for school or department's records. Send the remaining originals to the Risk Manager at the SCSD County Office.

#### Employee's Report of Injury Form

**Instructions:** Employees shall use this form to report <u>all</u> work related injuries, illnesses, or "near miss" events (which could have caused an injury or illness) – *no matter how minor*. This helps us to identify and correct hazards before they cause serious injuries. This form shall be completed by employees as soon as possible and given to a supervisor for further action.

I am reporting a work related: Injury II	Iness 🛛 Near miss
Your Name:	
Job title:	
Supervisor:	
Have you told your supervisor about this injury/n	ear miss? 🖸 Yes 🗖 No
Date of injury/near miss:	Time of injury/near miss:
Names of witnesses (if any):	
Where, exactly, did it happen?	
What were you doing at the time?	
What could have been done to prevent this injury	/near miss?
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
What parts of your body were injured? If a near	miss, how could you have been hurt?
Did you see a doctor about this injury/illness?	I Yes I No
If yes, whom did you see?	Doctor's phone number:
Date:	Time:
Has this part of your body been injured before?	I Yes I No
If yes, when?	Supervisor:
Your signature:	Date:

#### Supervisor's Accident Investigation Form

Name of Injured Person	
Date of Birth	Telephone Number
Address	
City	State Zip
(Circle one) Male Female	
What part of the body was injured?	Describe in detail
What was the nature of the injury?	Describe in detail.
	¥ 3.
	opened? What was employee doing prior to the event? What
Names of all witnesses:	
Date of Event	Time of Event
Exact location of event:	
What caused the event?	
Were safety regulations in place and	d used? If not, what was wrong?
Employee went to doctor/hospital?	Doctor's Name
	Hospital Name
Recommended preventive action to	take in the future to prevent reoccurrence.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	21.8
-	
	1. A J
Supervisor Signature	Date

#### **Incident Investigation Report**

**Instructions:** Complete this form as soon as possible after an incident that results in serious injury or illness. (Optional: Use to investigate a minor injury or near miss that *could have resulted in a serious injury or illness*.)

This is a report of a:	🗖 Dea	th 🛛 Lost Time	Dr. Visit Only	E First Aid Only	🗆 Near Miss
Date of incident:		This report is made	e by: 🗆 Employee	□ Supervisor □ 1	eam Other

Step 1: Injured employee (complete this		
Name:	Sex: Male Female	Age:
Department:	Job title at time of incident:	
Part of body affected: (shade all that apply)	Nature of injury: (most serious one) Abrasion, scrapes Amputation Broken bone Bruise Burn (heat) Burn (chemical)	This employee works: Regular full time Regular part time Seasonal Temporary Months with this employer
	Cut, laceration, puncture	Months doing this job:
	<ul> <li>Hernia</li> <li>Illness</li> <li>Sprain, strain</li> <li>Damage to a body system:</li> <li>Other</li> </ul>	

Exact location of the incident: What part of employee's workday?	or leaving work	Exact time:
During meal period During break		
Names of witnesses (if any):	2	
	100 N 100 N	
	an a	
8 <sup>-</sup>	i de la composición a la composición a la composición	
343 3	$\mathcal{X} = \frac{\mathcal{A}(\mathbf{y}) - \mathcal{A}(\mathbf{y}) - \mathcal{A}(\mathbf{y}) - \mathcal{A}(\mathbf{y})}{(\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{y}) - \mathcal{A}(\mathbf{y})}$	
	a ta bangi ina si Mara	
	2	
· · ·	* a * p * . * v	

Number of attachments:	Written witness statements:	Photographs:	Maps / drawings:
What personal	protective equipment was being used (	if any)?	1
Describe, step- and other impo		ury. Include names of any	machines, parts, objects, tools, materials
		Description con	tinued on attached sheets: $\Box$
Sten 3. Wh	y did the incident happen?		
Unsafe workpl Inadequate g Unguarded Safety device Tool or equ Workstatior Unsafe light Lack of nee Lack of app Unsafe clott No training Other:	ace conditions: (Check all that apply) guard hazard ce is defective ipment defective h layout is hazardous ting tilation ded personal protective equipment propriate equipment / tools	<ul> <li>Operating with</li> <li>Operating at</li> <li>Servicing equencies</li> <li>Making a safe</li> <li>Using defection</li> <li>Using equipmed</li> <li>Unsafe lifting</li> <li>Taking an un</li> <li>Distraction, to</li> <li>Failure to use</li> </ul>	upment that has power to it ety device inoperative ve equipment nent in an unapproved way
Why did the u	nsafe acts occur?		
		Se <sup>nte</sup> transition	
	rd (such as "the job can be done more o ed the unsafe conditions or acts? e:	quickly", or "the product is	less likely to be damaged") that may
Were the unsa	fe acts or conditions reported prior to the	ne incident?	🗆 Yes 🗆 No
Have there bee	en similar incidents or near misses prior	to this one?	Yes No

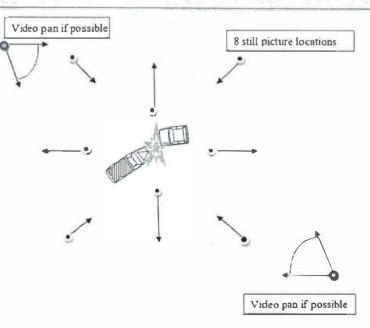
Step 4: How can future incidents be prevented?		
What changes do you suggest to prevent this incident/near miss from happening again?		
□ Stop this activity □ Guard the hazard □ Train	the employee(s)	
□ Redesign task steps □ Redesign work station □ Write	a new policy/rule  Enforce existing policy	
Routinely inspect for the hazard Personal Protective E	quipment 🛛 Other:	
What should be (or has been) done to carry out the suggestion(s) checked above?		
Description continued on attached sheets:		
Step 5: Who completed and reviewed this form? (Ple	ease Print)	
Written by:	Title:	
Department:	Date:	
Names of investigation team members:		
- * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	*	
i st		

Reviewed by:	Title:	
	Date:	

- 1. 12 - 15 Martine

### ACCIDENT INVESTIGATION CHECKLIST

Safely make the scene secure if not already done
Preserve as much of the scene as possible, don't throw anything away
Take pictures of the scene as suggested on form
Pictures – Overall scene 360 degrees toward scene
Pictures – Overall scene 360 degrees looking out from scene
Pictures - Damage up close
Pictures - Skid marks or other property damage around scene, use ruler in picture for scale
Pictures – Inside of vehicles when possible, especially the dash board, seats
Pictures – Drivers' views of those involved in the accident
Pictures – If vehicles rest in different locations, treat as each was the accident scene
Pictures – If vehicles rest in different locations, pan pictures so that Entire scene in captured
Take video if at all possible as suggested on back of form
Note weather and environment conditions
Make a sketch of the scene, note north on sketch
Get GPS location whenever possible, or identify exact location
Note exact time of accident if possible
If police on scene, get police information - responding department and badge numbers
Get names, address, telephone numbers of all witness



#### Section VIII

#### WRITTEN HAZZARD COMMUNICATIONS PROGRAM

#### **GENERAL POLICY**

To assure that information about the dangers of all hazardous chemicals used by the SCSD are known by all affected employees, this hazard communication program has been established. All work units will participate in the program, and a copy of it will be available at the work site for review by any interested party.

#### **CONTAINER LABELING**

The supervisor will verify that all containers received for use will be clearly labeled as to their contents, have an appropriate hazard warning, and list the name and address of the manufacturer or distributor.

The supervisor in each section will ensure that all secondary containers are labeled with either a copy of the original manufacturer's label or with labels that have the identity of the contents and the appropriate hazard warning. For help see the Safety ProgramCoordinator.

#### **MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEETS (MSDS)**

The Safety Program Coordinator is responsible for establishing and monitoring the District's MSDS Program. She/he will ensure that procedures are developed to obtain the necessary MSDS for new or significant health and safety information. Affected employees will be informed of any new information. The following procedure will be followed when an MSDS is not received at the time of initial shipment:

• The supplier and/or manufacturer will be notified and the MSDS will be requested.

Copies of all MSDS for all hazardous chemicals in use will be kept at the work site. MSDS will be readily available to all employees during each work shift. If an MSDS is not available, immediately contact the Safety Program Coordinator.

When revised MSDS are received, the following procedure will be followed to replace obsolete MSDS:

• The new MSDS will be inserted in the MSDS Binder, the old sheet discarded, and the hazardous substances list updated.

## EMPLOYEE TRAINING AND INFORMATION

The Risk Manager and the Safety Program Coordinator are responsible for the District's employee training program. He/she will ensure that all new employees will be trained in all health and safety protocols. The training will be implemented by utilizing Vector Solutions and will be customized to the position that the employee will be assigned.

#### TRAINING RECORDS

Training records will be kept and maintained in the main office by the Risk Manager and the Safety Program Coordinator.

#### INFORMING OTHER EMPLOYEES/EMPLOYERS

It is the responsibility of the Risk Manager and the Safety Program Coordinator to provide other supervisors and administrators with information about hazardous chemicals to which their employees may be exposed while on the job site as well as suggested safety precautions for those employees. It is the responsibility of the site manager to obtain information about hazardous chemicals used by other sites to which employees of the SCSD may be exposed.

Other employers or contractors will be provided with MSDS for hazardous chemicals generated by the SCSD's operations. MSDS will be provided to other employers at the start of each project and new/added sheets will be distributed, if applicable.

Other employers or contractors will be informed of precautionary measures needed to protect their employees exposed to operations performed by the SCSD. Also, other employers will be informed of the hazard labels used by the SCSD. If a symbolic or numerical system is used, the other employers and contractors will be given information to help them understand the labels for hazardous chemicals to which their employees may have exposure.

#### PROGRAM AVAILABILITY

The Safety Program Coordinator has the responsibility to make this program available for review upon request. In addition, a copy of the program will be provided within 15 days from the date of the request. Request should be made in writing or verbally.

#### PURCHASE ORDER STATEMENT

Purchase orders will contain the following statement:

• "If any materials on this order have been identified as 'hazardous substances' in 29 CFR Part 1910 Subpart Z, or by the State of Florida, suppliers shall provide a Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for the hazardous substances as required by 29 CFR Part 1910.1200."

#### Material Safety Data Sheet

May be used to comply with OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. Standard must be consulted for specific requirements.



	IDENTITY (As Used on Label and List)	Note: Blank spaces are not permitted. If any item is not applicable, or no information is available, the space must be marked to indicate that.
Section I		

Manufacturer's Name	Emergency Telephone Number	
Address (Number, Street, City, State, and ZIP Code)	Telephone Number for Information	
	Date Prepared	
	Signature of Preparer (optional)	

#### Section II - Hazardous Ingredients/Identity Information

Hazardous Components (Specific Chemical Identity; Common Name(s))	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	Other Limits Recommended	%(optional)

#### Section III - Physical/Chemical Characteristics

Boiling Point		Specific Gravity (H <sub>2</sub> O = 1)		
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg)		Melting Point		
Vapor Density (AIR = 1)		Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate =		
Solubility in Water				
Appearance and Odor				

#### Section IV - Fire and Explosion Hazard Data

Flash Point (Method Used)	Flammable Limits	LEL	UEL				
	Extinguishing Media						
	Special Fire Fighting Procedures						
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards							

(Reproduce locally)

OSHA 174, Sept. 1985

#### Section V - Reactivity Data

Stability	Unstable	Conditions to Avoid
	Stable	

Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid)			
Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts			
Hazardous May Occur Conditions to Avoid			Conditions to Avoid
	Will Not Occur		

#### Section VI - Health Hazard Data

Route(s) of Entry:	Inhalation?	Skin?	Ingestion?				
Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic)							
Carcinogenicity:	NTP?	IARC Monographs?	OSHA Regulated?				
r. r. l.							
	Signs and Sympt	toms of Exposure					
Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure							
Emergency and First Aid Procedures							

Section VII - Precautions for Safe Handling and Use

Steps to Be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled
Waste Disposal Method
Precautions to Be taken in Handling and Storing
Other Precautions

#### Section VIII - Control Measures

Respiratory Protection (Specify Type)				
Ventilation	Local Exhaust		Special	
	Mechanical (General)		Other	
Protective Gloves Eye Protection				
Other Protective Clothing or Equipment				
Work/Hygienic Practices				

\* U.S.G.P.O.: 1986 - 491 - 529/45775

# LOCATION SITE CHEMICAL INVENTORY SHEET

DATE:	SCHOOL/DEPARTMENT:				
INVENTORY COMPL	ETED BY:				
PHONE NUMBER:	COST CENTER #:				
Product Name	Supplier	Emergency Number			
1					
2.					
3.					
4.					
5					
6					
7					
8					
10.					
11.					
12.					
13.					
14					
15					
Product Name	Where Stored	Quantity Stored			
1					
2.					
3					
4 5.					
<i>6</i> .					
_					
8.					
9					
10					
11					
12.					
13					
14 15.					

#### Section IX

## ALCOHOL AND DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE PROGRAM

#### POLICY

- 1. No employee shall possess, consume, or sell alcoholic beverages or manufacture, distribute, dispense, possess, use, or be under the influence of, on the job or in the workplace, any narcotic, drug, amphetamine, barbiturate, marijuana, or any other controlled substance, as defined in the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 812) and as further defined by regulations at 21 CFR 12001.11 through 1300.15 or Florida Statutes, Chapter 893.
- 2. "Workplace" is defined as the site for the performance of work done in connection with the duties of an employee of the SCSD. That term includes any place where the work of the District is performed, including a school building or other school premises; any school-owned vehicle or any other school-approved vehicle used to transport students to and from school or school activities, off-school property during any school-sponsored or school-approved activity, event or function, such as a field trip, workshop, or athletic event.
- 3. As a condition of employment, each employee will:
  - a. Abide by the terms of this policy; and
  - b. Notify the appropriate director, principal, or supervisor of any criminal drug statute arrest or conviction for a violation occurring on the premises of the SCSD, at the workplace, or during the conduct of any official activity related to the SCSD no later than five (5) days after conviction.
- 4. The SCSD shall:
  - a. Notify the appropriate agency within ten (10) days after receiving such notice from an employee or otherwise receiving actual notice of such conviction; and,
  - b. Take one of the following actions, within thirty (30) days of receiving such notice, with respect to any employee who is so convicted:
    - 1) Require such an employee to participate satisfactorily in a drug abuse assistance or rehabilitation program approved for such purposes by a federal, state, or local health, law enforcement, or other appropriate agency; or
    - 2) If the employee fails to participate satisfactorily in such program, the employee may be non-renewed, or his or her employment may be suspended or terminated, at the discretion of the School Board; or
    - 3) Take appropriate personnel action against such an employee, up to and including termination.
  - c. Offer assistance and information on drug abuse in order to maintain an alcohol and a drug-free workplace. Employee assistance will be available through the Human Resources Department or referral to a program which will provide assistance. The SCSD shall also conduct periodic workshops on drug and alcohol abuse in the workplace to inform employees and supervisors of the dangers of substance abuse and of the provisions in this policy.

#### 5. Drug Testing:

- a. Initial Employment
  - A negative drug screen will be a requirement of initial employment. An applicant who has been offered a position will be referred to a Board approved, independent, certified laboratory. The drug screen must be conducted within thirty (30) days prior to employment. The cost of the drug screening will be the responsibility of the applicant.

- 2) Applicants testing positive will not be eligible for employment by the School Board for one (1) year from the date of the test. Refusal to participate in the drug screening will prohibit an applicant from employment with the Board.
- b. Current Employees
  - 1) An employee may be subject to drug testing based on a reasonable belief that he/she is using or has used drugs in violation of the Drug-Free Workplace Policy.
  - 2) An employee may be subject to follow up testing at the recommendation of a substance abuse professional or medical review officer.
  - 3) An employee may be subject to a drug screen immediately following a work related accident or injury.
  - An employee who is subject to the requirements of the Omnibus Transportation Employees Testing Act (OTETA) shall be subject to random drug testing, post accident drug testing and return to duty testing as required by federal law.

## **STATUTORY AUTHORITY**

Section 230.22(2); 230.23(5)(g); 230.33(7); 231.001; 893.01, Florida Statutes

#### LAW IMPLEMENTED

Section 230.22(5); 231.28(1); 440.102, Florida Statutes Drug Free Workplace Act of 1988; 34 CFR part 85, Subpart F

#### HISTORY

Revised: January 1998 Formerly: GBEB

#### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE DRUG AND ALCOHOL TESTING POLICY FOR TRANSPORTATION EMPLOYEES IS UNDER SECTION X BUS DRIVERS SAFETY RULES, POLICIES, AND PROCEDURES.

#### Section X

#### SAFETY RULES, POLICIES, AND PROCEDURES

The safety rules contained on these pages have been prepared to protect you in your daily work. Employees are to follow these rules carefully, review them often, and use good common sense in carrying out assigned duties.

#### **GENERAL SAFETY RULES**

- 1. Wear personal protective equipment, hard hat, foot protection, back supports, bloodborne pathogen protection and safety glasses or face shields as directed by your supervisor.
- 2. Sit in vehicles properly (never stand up, sit on the side, or ride on any exterior part of a vehicle).
- 3. Vehicles are to be stopped when entering or exiting (do not enter or exit any movingvehicle).
- 4. Damaged or unguarded tools and equipment are not to be used.
- 5. Do not work or drive while under the influence of alcohol or drugs.
- 6. Use every safeguard provided. After removing guards for repairs, replace at once.
- 7. Walk (do not run); watch your step; keep firm footing and balance at all times.
- 8. When working around machinery, do not wear loose clothing, torn sleeves, ties, keychains, rings, watches, or any item that could become entangled in themachinery.
- 9. Horseplay or practical jokes are prohibited. Avoid distracting others.
- 10. Long hair must be tied off, wrapped, or confined in a manner to prevent being caught in any machinery.
- 11. Frayed, cut, or cracked electrical cords are not to be used. Turn them in to your supervisor for repair or replacement.
- 12. Use only ladders and step stools to get additional height (do not attempt to get additional height from a climbing device by placing it on a box, crate, or other improvised stand).
- 13. Equipment is not to be altered (i.e., removing protection guards).
- 14. Work only in properly lit areas.
- 15. Never leave materials, tools, etc., in a position to slide or fall.
- 16. Keep your work area clean and free of loose objects, stumbling, or slippinghazards.
- 17. Review the safety material posted on bulletin boards or distributed in work area.
- 18. Report all accidents/injuries, no matter how minor, to your supervisor.
- 19. Report all unsafe work conditions or procedures during the course of work activities to your supervisor.
- 20. Never stand under suspended loads or in danger zone of falling objects, moving equipment, dripping caustics, etc.
- 21. Keep flammables in safety type containers.
- 22. Never use gasoline for cleaning purposes.
- 23. Always keep hands and feet clear of pinch points.
- 24. Never allow oil or grease or heat to come in contact with oxyacetyleneequipment.
- 25. Use the right tool and use it properly (i.e., do not use defective or mushroom-headedtools).
- 26. Be sure all electrical devices are properly grounded at alltimes.
- 27. Never leave an unsafe condition unguarded or unmarked, even temporarily.
- 28. Inspect each ladder before using. Be sure ladder is properly positioned and secure at top and bottom.
- 29. When working overhead, place warning signs below and rope offarea.
- 30. Know the location of fire extinguishers and know how to use them.

- 31. Do not walk or run in front of or behind moving equipment.
- 32. Vehicles, equipment, and tools should be removed from service when unsafe to operate.
- 33. Rubber gloves should be worn when handling dyes, photographic chemicals, and etching acid.
- 34. Never use corridors, attics, vestibules, halls, stairs, or the space under them for storage purposes.

## LIFTING PROCEDURES

## • GENERAL

- 1. Test the weight of the load before lifting by pushing the load along its restingsurface.
- 2. If the load is too heavy or bulky, use lifting and carrying aids such as hand trucks, dollies, pallet jacks, and carts, or get assistance from a coworker.
- 3. Never lift anything if your hands are greasy or wet.
- 4. Wear protective gloves when lifting objects with sharp corners or jaggededges.

# • WHEN LIFTING

- 1. Face the load.
- 2. Position your feet 6" 12" apart with one foot slightly in front of theother.
- 3. Bend at the knees, not at the back.
- 4. Keep your back straight.
- 5. Get a firm grip on the object with your hands and fingers. Use handles when present.
- 6. Hold object as close to your body as possible.
- 7. Perform lifting movements smoothly and gradually; do not jerk the load.
- 8. If you must change direction while lifting or carrying the load, pivot your feet andturn your entire body. Do not twist at the waist.
- 9. Set down objects in the same manner as you picked them up, except in reverse.
- 10. Do not lift an object from the floor to a level above your waist in one motion. Set the load down on a table or bench and then adjust your grip before lifting it higher.

# SLIPS, TRIPS, AND FALLS

- 1. Immediately clean up spills, water, oil, and other liquids from the floor by using a mop, bucket, oil dry materials, sand, paper towels, and/or cloth materials. Use caution signs/cones to warn of slippery areas.
- 2. Turn on lights before entering a dark room.
- 3. Pick up all foreign objects from floor surfaces, aisles, or stairs to prevent slipping.
- 4. Be sure that mats and carpets lie flat on the floor.
- 5. Take short steps, walk slowly, and use hand rails when you have to walk on slipperysurfaces or in congested conditions.
- 6. Keep drawers and doors closed.
- 7. Wear closed toe, non-slip soled shoes.
- 8. Walk, up or down stairs or steps. Take only one step at a time.
- 9. Avoid blocking your view by carrying/pushing objects so large that you can't see where you are going.
- 10. Jumping from truck beds, platforms, scaffolds or other elevated places is prohibited.
- 11. Do not tilt chairs back on two legs.

- 12. Avoid wet, icy, slick, or oily areas by walking around it.
- 13. Do not turn electrical and other cords across doorways, aisles or landings.

## CLASSROOM AND OFFICE SAFETY

NOTE: Includes office personnel, teachers, and paraprofessional.

- 1. Use care when closing desk and filing cabinet drawers to prevent injuries. Keep them closed when not in use or unattended.
- 2. Office furniture should be positioned to eliminate tripping hazards of telephone or electrical cords. Cords shall not be strung across passageways or open areas where they will create a tripping hazard.
- 3. Open doors cautiously and keep in either a fully open or fully closedposition.
- 4. Do not tamper with office machines, phones, or wiring. Call office service if repairs are required.
- 5. Use staple remover, not fingers, for removing staples.
- 6. When refilling stapler, point the loading end away from you, since the pressure of thespring mechanism can cause ejection of the staples.
- 7. Do not put oil rags, broken glass, or sharp objects in wastebaskets. Place them in special containers for special handling by the custodians.
- 8. All electrical equipment, such as typewriters, copy machines, and calculators mustbe unplugged before cleaning.
- 9. Handle files and papers carefully to prevent cuts. A moistener for wetting envelopes is recommended.
- 10. Do not place your fingers in or near the feed of a paper shredder. Verify guards are in place and working prior to use.
- 11. Lock down the slicing arm on paper cutting devices when not in use.
- 12. Paper cutting devices are not to be used unless finger guard is in place.

## • OFFICE MACHINES

- 1. Office machines should be properly located and placed in a manner so there is nodanger of falling.
- 2. Electrical machines and connections should not be touched with wet hands or operated on damp floors.
- 3. Office machines should not be adjusted, lubricated, or cleaned while they are running. Make sure that the machine is stopped by disconnecting the plug from the outlet.

# • DESKS, TABLES, ETC.

- 1. Use only shatterproof glass tops with bevelededges.
- 2. Mounted pencil sharpeners shall be positioned on desks or tables so that they do not protrude.
- 3. Check desks and tables for splinters, dangerous cracks, and loose veneer.

# • SWIVEL CHAIRS

1. Extreme care should be taken by persons tilting back in swivel chairs to which they are not accustomed.

- 2. Don't raise the seats on swivel chairs so high as to contribute to overbalancing.
- 3. Spring tension bolts should be checked regularly. Weak bolts on swivel chairs can break and cause a person to be thrown with considerable force.
- 4. Check to ensure casters are secured and free of cracks and wear.
- 5. Do not use as a ladder or step stool.

## • FANS

- 1. Check fans regularly to make sure that the guards are not defective and that the bladesare secure.
- 2. Fans should not be placed on low tables, chairs, etc., or in any locations where individuals might catch their clothing or hands in them.
- 3. Floor type fans should not be placed in locations where they will present trippinghazards.

## • WASTE BASKETS

1. Metal waste cans should be checked for sharp points or fragmented edges which could cut the users.

## • FILE CABINETS

- 1. File cabinets should be secured to prevent their being overbalanced. Where two or more cabinets sit side by side, they should be fastened to each other.
- 2. File drawers should not be left open. Always use the handles to close them.
- 3. Heavy materials should be put in the bottom drawers, lighter materials in the top drawers.
- 4. Pull only one drawer out at a time.
- 5. File cabinets should be checked periodically for burrs and sharpedges.
- 6. Never place materials, boxes, other files, etc., on top of cabinets. Not only will they fall, but they put undue strain on the persons lifting and/or reaching up to them.
- 7. Do not place files in front of emergency exits windows or escape routes.

## • ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERNS: Mold

- 1. Contact Site Administrator
- 2. Contact the Director of Facilities
- 3. Avoid usage of area until inspection is completed or by direction of the Administrator.

## • SCIENCE/ LAB SAFETY

- 1. Never work alone in a science laboratory or storagearea.
- 2. Never eat, drink, or chew gum or tobacco in a science laboratory or storage area. Do not store food or beverages in the laboratory environment.
- 3. Never pipette by mouth.
- 4. Wash hands before and after work in a science laboratory and after spillcleanups.
- 5. Restrain loose clothing (i.e., sleeves, full cut blouses, neckties, etc.), long hair, and dangling jewelry.
- 6. Tape all Dewar flasks.
- 7. Never leave heat sources unattended (i.e., gas burners, hot plates, heating mantles, sand baths, etc.).
- 8. Do not store agents and/or apparatus on lab bench. Keep lab shelves organized.

- 9. Never place reactive chemicals (in bottles, beakers/flasks, wash bottles, etc.) near theedges of a lab bench.
- 10. Use a fume hood when working with volatile substances.
- 11. Never lean into the fume hood.
- 12. Do not use the fume hood as a storage area.
- 13. Obtain and read the MSDS for each chemical before beginning anyexperiment.
- 14. Analyze new lab procedures in advance to pinpoint hazardous areas.
- 15. Accidents should be analyzed to prevent repeatincidents.
- 16. Protection should be provided for not only the lab worker but also the lab partner working nearby.
- 17. Do not mix chemicals in the sink drain.
- 18. Always inform coworkers of plans to carry out hazardouswork.
- 19. Carry out regular fire or emergency drills with critical reviews of the results.
- 20. Have written actions planned in case of an emergency (i.e., what devices should beturned off, which escape route to use, a personnel meeting place outside the building, a person designated to authorize reentry into the building).
- 21. Lab personnel should have recent training in first aid.

# • SAFETY WEAR (LAB)

- 1. Approved eye or face protection should be worn while handling chemicals.
- 2. Gloves should be worn, which will resist penetration by the chemical being handled, and which have been checked for pin holes, tears, or rips.
- 3. Wear a laboratory coat or apron to protect skin and clothing from chemicals.
- 4. Footwear should cover feet completely, no open-toe shoes.

# • FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT (LAB)

- 1. Never block any escape routes. Plan alternate escaperoutes.
- 2. Never block a fire door open.
- 3. Never store materials in lab or storage area aisles.
- 4. All moving belts and pulleys should have safetyguards.
- 5. Instruct lab personnel in the proper use of the eye wash emphasizing rolling of the eyeballs and turning eyelids "inside-out."
- 6. Ensure that eye-wash fountains and showers will supply at least 15 minutes of waterflow.
- 7. Regularly inspect fire blankets for rips and holes and keep good records of the inspections.
- 8. Regularly inspect safety showers and eye-wash fountains and keep records of inspections.
- 9. Keep up-to-date emergency phone numbers posted next to phone.
- 10. Place fire extinguishers near an escape route, not in a "dead end."
- 11. Train lab personnel in the proper use of extinguishers and maintain records. Training should include instruction on various types of fire extinguishers.
- 12. Compressed gas cylinders must be secured at all times.
- 13. Install chemical storage shelves with ½ inch lips and never use stacked boxes in lieu of shelves.
- 14. Only use an explosion-proof refrigerator for storage offlammables.
- 15. Have appropriate equipment and materials available for spill control.

## **CAFETERIA/FOOD SERVICE SAFETY**

- 1. Never clean electrical appliances unless the appliance is disconnected from the powersource.
- 2. Keep aisles clean, clear, and dry at all times.
- 3. Closed toe and non-slip shoes should be used. Shoes should be sturdy and well maintained. High heel shoes and open toe shoes are not permitted.
- 4. Store cleaning products separate from food products.
- 5. Use power machines only after having been trained.
- 6. Steam tables and cutting blocks must be cleaned daily.
- 7. Store heavy items close to the floor.
- 8. Pushcarts or dollies should not be overloaded.
- 9. Keep sharp protruding objects out of the aisles and away from workers; all drawers should be kept closed.
- 10. Place all cleaning equipment such as brooms, mops, carts, pails, etc., where they will not be a hazard to workers.
- 11. Know locations of the first aid kit (ensure accessibility).
- 12. Exhaust hood fans must be operated when ranges are in operation. Keep filters in hoods clean and free of grease.

# • RECEIVING AREA

- 1. Keep floors in a safe condition; free from broken tile and sliding floor mats.
- 2. Floor and/or deck areas shall be clear and hazard free.
- 3. Use proper tools for opening crates, boxes, cartons, barrels, etc.

## • STORAGE AREA

- 1. Shelves shall not be overloaded. They must be able to bear the weight of items stored.
- 2. Heavy items shall be stored on lower shelves.
- 3. An appropriate ladder must be available to reach all items.
- 4. Cartons and flammable materials must be stored away from light bulbs.
- 5. Light bulbs must have a screen guard.
- 6. Incompatible chemicals shall be stored separately (i.e., ammonia and bleach should not be stored together or one above the other).
- 7. Portable and stationary racks must be in safe condition.
- 8. If locked in freezer, know how to operate escape mechanism and emergencyescape procedures.

# • FOOD PREPARATION AREA

- 1. Electrical equipment shall be properly grounded.
- 2. Electrical equipment must be inspected regularly (look for defective cords orplugs).
- 3. Avoid leaning against equipment when turning it on and off.
- 4. Mixers and attachments must be in safe operating conditions and inspected regularly.

# • SERVING AREA

- a. Keep serving counters and tables free from broken parts and wooden or metal slivers.
- b. Glassware, china, silverware. and plastic equipment must be inspected regularly.

Chipped or cracked items shall be disposed of properly.

- c. Use hair restraints.
- d. If you are taking any medication, report it to your manager. Do not operate any equipment while taking medication, unless authorized by your manager.

## MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR FUNCTIONS

NOTE: These rules apply to the following personnel: boilermakers, carpenters, custodians, electricians, electricians, groundskeepers, heating/ventilation/air conditioning (HVAC) personnel, painters, pest control personnel, plumbers, mechanics, roofers, and welders.

# • ELECTRICAL

- 1. Use three conductors and grounded extension cords with proper rating for the tool you are connecting.
- 2. When using an extension cord:
- a. Never plug more than the specified number of watts into the cord.
- b. Do not run through doorways, holes in ceilings, walls, or floors.
- c. Never remove, bend, or modify any metal prongs or pins.
- d. Do not use when wet.
- e. Do not plug one extension cord into another.
- f. Never drive, drag, or place objects over cord or walk on it.
- g. Always unplug when not in use.
- h. Never use as a permanent power source.
- 3. Never repair or test live circuits except when necessary to affect repair.
- 4. When working on live circuits, approved tools having insulated hand grips should be used.
- 5. Ladders shall have non-conductive side rails.
- 6. Never connect heating unit using in excess of 1500 watts into utility 15 ampoutlet.
- 7. Working in an area where you are likely to encounter electrical hazards is not permitted, unless you have been trained to recognize and avoid the hazards to which you will be exposed.
- 8. Fuse handling equipment shall be used to remove or install fuses where fuse terminals are energized.
- 9. Do not enter spaces containing exposed energized parts unless adequate illumination is provided.
- 10. Use safetysigns, symbols, or accident prevention tags to warn personnel of electrical hazards.
- 11. Verify that circuit or equipment cannot be re-energized or restarted prior toperforming work.
- 12. Ensure strain relief for all flexible cords and cables.
- 13. Apply proper grounding and bonding before dispensing flammable liquid(s).
- 14. Use gloves, aprons, and face protection while working in battery service rooms.
- 15. Inspect electrical cords and its connections before using. Defective cords and switches are dangerous. Plug should be removed from convenience outlet before any mechanical or electrical adjustments are made.
- 16. Avoid hanging extension cords over nails, bolts, or sharp edges. Do not allow it to become kinked or leave it where someone may trip over it. Always keep cord away from oil, hot surfaces, or chemicals.

## LOCK-OUT/TAG-OUT

## • POLICY

To ensure the safety of the Board's personnel who perform work on machinery or equipment where the unexpected energization, start-up, or release of stored energy could cause injury, the following procedures shall be adhered to:

- 1. Notification Prior to starting work, notify the Principal, Director of Facilities, Maintenance Foreman, and any personnel who will be affected by the shutdown of equipment or building services. Explain the reason for the shutdown and the use of the lock-out/tag-out procedure.
- 2. Determination of Energy Sources Make a survey to locate and identify all isolating devices to be certain which switches, valves, or other energy isolating devices applyto the equipment to be locked or tagged out. This survey should be done by the maintenance foreman and the maintenance man. PAY PARTICULAR ATTENTION TO:
  - a. Multiple energy sources
  - b. Residual energy
  - c. Remote start-up of equipment

#### • SEQUENCE PROCEDURES

- 1. Notify all affected employees that a lock-out/tag-out system is going to be utilized and the reason therefore.
- 2. Check out lock-out/tag-out kit appropriate for task from parts department or foreman.
- 3. If the machine or equipment is operating, shut it off.
- 4. Operate the switch, valve, or other energy isolating devices so that the equipment is isolated from its energy sources. Stored energy (such as that in springs, elevated machine members, rotating flywheels, hydraulic systems, and air, gas steam, or water pressure, etc.) must be dissipated or restrained by methods such as repositioning, blocking, bleeding down, etc.
- 5. Foreman will lock-out the energy isolating device with an assigned lock to prevent accidental engagement. An appropriate danger tag shall be affixed to the switch or lock. This tag is to be dated and signed by the supervisor requesting the lock-out.
- 6. Where more than one crew or craft performs work on the system, each crew foreman shall affix a tag and lock on the disconnect. Multiple lock-out devices shall be used. Lock keys shall be in the possession of the individuals using the lock.
- 7. After ensuring that no personnel are exposed, and as a check on having disconnected the energy sources, operate the push button or other normal operating controls to make certain the equipment will not operate. CAUTION: Return operating controls to "neutral" or "off" position after test.
- 8. The equipment is now locked-out and tagged-out.
- 9. Any person who operates a valve, switch, etc., to which danger tags are attachedor removed a tag without authorization, will be subject to, as a minimum, immediate removal from the job site.

## • RELEASE FROM LOCK-OUT

- 1. After the work is complete and the equipment is ready for normal operations, checkthe area around the machines or equipment to ensure that no one is exposed.
- 2. After all tools have been removed from the machine or equipment, guards have been reinstalled and employees are in the clear, remove all lock-out and/or tag-out devices. Locks and tags shall only be removed by the people who installed them. Anyone who violates this requirement shall be dismissed.
- 3. Operate the energy isolating devices to restore energy to the machine or equipment only after verification from the Director of Facilities, or Foreman, that it is safe to do so.

# HANDLING MATERIALS

- 1. Prior to use, inspect materials for slivers, jagged edges, burrs, rough, or slipperysurfaces.
- 2. Wipe away greasy, wet, slippery, or dirty objects before trying to handle them. Keep hands clean and free of grease or oil.
- 3. When adjusting or changing a grip, set the object down.
- 4. Never carry glass under an arm (a fall could sever an artery).
- 5. When removing materials on hand trucks or dollies, push rather than pull whenever possible.
- 6. When exerting leverage on large wrenches or prying tools, pull rather thanpush whenever possible.
- 7. Get help if the weight, size, bulk, or shape of the article prevents you from maintaining balance and/or puts excessive strain on back or abdominal muscles.
- 8. When two or more persons are carrying materials, all should face forward wheneverpossible. If a person must walk backwards, others should be especially alert to slipping, tripping, or bumping hazards and issue appropriate verbal directions to him/her.
- 9. Avoid getting hands or other body parts pinched between the load and other objects around or near it.
- 10. Use the proper tools such as wrenches, pry-bars, or special handling tools to lift heavycovers, etc.

## • LADDERS/SCAFFOLDS

- 1. Inspect ladders to be sure rungs are solid, tight, and clean and that rails are notcracked. Avoid using any ladder with weak or damaged rails, steps, orrungs.
- 2. Open step ladders fully and lock spreaders.
- 3. Use extension ladders only up to 60 feet and maintain adequate overlap. If the ladder is extended less than 36 feet, have 3 feet of overlap between sections; if extended between 36 and 48 feet, have 4 feet of overlap between sections. If extended from 48 to 60 feet, allow 5 feet between sections. Lash or otherwise secure the ladder in place.
- 4. Never allow more than one person on a ladder.
- 5. Supply firm footing for ladder. If the ground is soft or uneven, use boards under the feet of the ladder.
- 6. Use 4-to-1 rule in setting up extension ladders. It is easy to figure since the rungs on most ladders are one foot apart. Count the rungs up to where the ladder rests on the wall. If it is 16 feet, set the ladder base 4 feet from the wall.
- 7. Face the ladder climbing up or down. Hold on with both hands. Carry tools or supplies in pockets or haul them up with a line.
- 8. Move the ladder frequently instead of reaching over too far. Follow the rule of keeping

your belt buckle between the side rails.

- 9. Carry the ladder with the front end high enough to clear anyone ahead of you.
- 10. Never paint wooden ladders as paint could hide a defect in the wood.
- 11. Inspect the scaffold before mounting. It should be sturdy, free of knotty or defective planks, level, and solidly positioned.
- 12. Keep the scaffold free of scraps, loose tools, or tangled lines.
- 13. Follow the manufacturer's instructions when assembling.
- 14. Lock and block wheels before climbing. NEVER RIDE A ROLLINGSCAFFOLD.
- 15. Level the scaffold after each move. Do not extend adjusting leg screws more than 12 inches.
- 16. Lash fixed scaffolds at intervals of 30 feet of length and 25 feet of height. Ensure safety locks are in proper working conditions.
- 17. Check all pulleys, blocks, hooks, fittings, and ropes on swinging scaffolds.

## TOOLS

## • GENERAL

- 1. Use tools that are in good safe working condition and the proper tool for everyjob.
- 2. Cutting edges should be kept sharp and should be carried in a suitable sheath or holster.
- 3. Defective tools shall be promptly reported to the supervisor for repair orreplacement.
- 4. Tool handles shall be kept free from splinters, burrs, etc. Make sure handles are tight on the head and not weakened by cracks or splits.
- 5. Impact tools such as hammers, chisels, punches, or steel stakes that have burred heads shall not but used. The head should be dressed to remove burrs or chipped edges.
- 6. When handling a tool to another person, sharp points and cutting edges shall be pointed away from both the person grasping it and the person offeringit.
- 7. Only properly insulated tools shall be used when working around energized electrical circuits or equipment.
- 8. When using a knife, pliers, or other cutting tools, avoid directing the blade toward yourself. Cut away from your body and stand clear of others.
- 9. Hand tools should not be carried in your pockets, especially screwdrivers, scribes, aviation snips, scrapers, chisels, files, etc.

# • FILES/RASPS

- 1. All files must have securely fastened handles.
- 2. Never use a file as a pry.
- 3. When using a file or rasp, grasp the handle of the file or rasp in one hand and the toe in the other.

# • HAMMERS

- 1. Be sure the handle is not cracked, broken, splintered, or loose. Check to see that the handle is securely set in the head. Replace loose or damaged wooden handles and discard hammers with damaged metal or fiberglass handles.
- 2. Avoid using hammer with oily, greasyor wet hands, and keep hammer handles clean by washing with approved cleaning solvent.
- 3. Use a soft hammer to strike a hardened surface.

- 4. A claw hammer is a hardened tool. Its use is restricted to hammering nails, wood, or other soft materials. Never use a claw hammer on metals or hardened tools, except nail sets.
- 5. Use the claw for pulling nails. Do not use as a pry or wedge, or for pullingspikes.
- 6. Never use a hammer with a hardened face on tempered, machined, or hardened surfaces. Rawhide, plastic, rubber, lead, brass, or copper hammers will prevent damage to parts and also eliminate the danger of flying chips of metal.

# • KNIVES

- 1. Do not place the hand or finger over the back of a knife while it is in use.
- 2. A falling knife should be allowed to fall and then be picked up.
- 3. Always cut away from thebody.
- 4. Keep knives sharp.
- 5. Replace knives with worn handles.
- 6. Use knives with retractable blades when possible.

## • PLIERS

- 1. Never cut through live wires; turn off the current first. Handles of pliers that are used in electrical work must be insulated.
- 2. When using diagonal cutting pliers, place the free hand over the ends of cotter pin, safety wire, or whatever is being cut; this will prevent the loose ends from flying and causing possible eye injury.
- 3. Do not attempt to cut hardened steel parts with pliers.

# • SAWS/HACKSAWS

- 1. Keep control of a hacksaw by releasing the pressure at the end of eachstroke.
- 2. Make sure the blade (hacksaw) is taut in the frame before using.
- 3. Select proper type blade (number of teeth per inch) for the job.
- 4. Keep saw blades sharp.

## • SCREWDRIVERS

- 1. Select the correct size and type of screwdriver to fit the job. Ensure screwdrivers are properly grounded and squared.
- 2. Never use a screwdriver as a chisel or as a substitute for a pinch bar or prybar.
- 3. Prevent the blade (screwdriver) from slipping, be sure it fits the screw head correctlyand avoid over tightening a screw.
- 4. For electrical work use only screwdrivers that have insulated handles of non-flammable material.
- 5. Screwdrivers are not to be used on hand held objects.

## • WRENCHES

- 1. Never attempt to use a makeshift wrench. Always select the proper size and type for the job.
- 2. Check wrench for cracks and condition of jaws before using.
- 3. Always use box or socket wrenches on hexagon nuts and bolts as a first choice and open

end wrenches as a second choice.

- 4. When using an adjustable wrench, always place it on the nut so that the pulling force is applied to the stationary jaw side of the handle.
- 5. Never use a piece of pipe, tubing, or another wrench to extend the handle of the wrench in order to secure additional leverage.
- 6. Keep wrenches free from oil and grease.
- 7. Always be ready to react immediately in case the wrench slips to avoid injury of the hand on a protruding edge.

## MACHINES/POWER TOOLS

## • GENERAL

- 1. Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (goggles, face shield, hearingprotection, gloves, etc.).
- 2. Operate a machine only after having received thorough instructions and havingbeen advised by your supervisor that you are qualified to operate said machine.
- 3. Do not wear gloves, ties or loose clothing. Remove rings, watch and other jewelry and roll up sleeves when operating machines.
- 4. Make all adjustments with the power off.
- 5. Never attempt to repair live circuits unless you are qualified through training and experience.
- 6. Never attempt repair on electrical appliances, power tools, cables or wiring unless you are qualified and certified to make repairs by your supervisor.
- 7. Inspect all portable power tools before operating including power cables, extension cords and adapters.
- 8. Use "ground fault circuit interrupter" (GFCI) to operate all portable power toolswith metal housing and/or hand grip in damp or wet areas and on construction sites.

# • DRILLS

- 1. Do not exceed recommended speed for the drill, accessory, and/or work piecematerial.
- 2. Adjust the table or depth stop to avoid drilling into the table.
- 3. Be sure drill bit or cutting tool is securely locked in the chuck.
- 4. Always wear eye protection (safety glasses or a face shield) when usingdrill press.
- 5. Do not overload or feed drill too fast.
- 6. A special ground drill is required for copper, brass, and other soft metals.
- 7. Always keep finger on the portable drill switch so that power maybe shut off instantly.
- 8. Do not use distorted or bent drill bit.
- 9. Disconnect extension cord before attempting to loosen a chuck on portable tools.
- 10. Avoid using a drill which overheats.
- 11. Long extension drills should be used only when absolutelynecessary.
- 12. Work must be securely held when drilling.
- 13. Ensure that the drill is firmly held in the drill chuck. Remove the chuck key.

# • GRINDERS

1. On grinders, tool rests shall be adjusted to approximately 1/8" from the wheels and thoroughly tightened in place so they cannot shift position while in use.

- 2. Inspect the wheels before turning on grinder. Do not use wheels that have been chipped or cracked.
- 3. Dress grinding wheels on the face only. Do not stand on the unguarded discharge side of the grinder.
- 4. When grinding, use the face of the wheelonly.
- 5. If the grinding wheel vibrates, dress the wheel, replace the wheel or replace the bearings of the shaft if they are worn. Grinding creates heat. Don't touch ground portion of work piece until you are sure work piece has cooled. Replace wheels that have been chipped or cracked.
- 6. When finished using machine, shut off the power, and do not leave until the wheel has come to a complete stop and the work area is clean.
- 7. Do not operate grinders near flammable containers or where gasoline fumes are present.

## • POWER SAWS

- 1. When operating scroll saws, stop the machine before removing scrap pieces from the table.
- 2. Always keeps hands and fingers away from the sawblade.
- 3. Turn off the machine if the material is to be backed out of an uncompleted or jammed cut.
- 4. Disconnect machine from power source when making repairs.
- 5. Shut off power and clean the saw and work area before leaving.
- 6. Unless you have been trained by your supervisors, or other qualified trainer, do not operate any power machine.
- 7. Safety guards should be in place and used at all times.
- 8. Clamp work when using hole saw or cutting tools larger than 1/2" diameter.
- 9. On band saws, adjust the upper blade guide about 1/8" above the material being cut.
- 10. On band saw, make sure that blade tension and blade tracking are properlyadjusted.
- 11. Hold work piece firmly against the table. Do not attempt to saw stock that does not have a flat surface, unless a suitable support is used.
- 12. Use push sticks when operating power saws.

# GASOLINE ENGINE-POWERED TOOLS

- 1. Always disengage the clutch before starting; never start under aload.
- 2. Always shut off the engine, wait for the machine to stop, and disconnect the spark plugwire before making adjustments or cleaning jammed objects.
- 3. Never operate the machine without the guards provided for it.
- 4. Always wear personal protective clothing and equipment when operating themachine.
- 5. Never refuel running engines or hot engines.
- 6. Never smoke while refueling the machine.

## **GROUNDSKEEPING/MOWER SAFETY**

- 1. Inspect area to be mowed for hazards such as tree stumps, roots, rocks, branches, sprinklers, hoses, electrical cords, toys, etc. Remove the hazards where possible.
- 2. Use personal protective equipment (PPE) (eye/face protection, gloves, hearingprotection, etc.)
- 3. Always look ahead of the mowers path while staying aware of your surroundings.

- 4. Check for oncoming cars when mowing near streets.
- 5. Inspect mower daily for guards and loose nuts, blades, belts, wheels, and other parts. Report any damaged equipment to your supervisor.
- 6. Keep hands and feet from under the mower deck.
- 7. Turn off mower and disconnect spark plug wire before servicing or adjusting the mower.
- 8. When using a riding mower, mow up and down the slope.
- 9. Keep mower in gear when going down slope.
- 10. Turn off mower when dumping grass catcher.
- 11. Do not try to unclog the grass chute while mower is running.
- 12. Only the operator is permitted to ride a riding mower.
- 13. Disengage the drive before starting or shutting off a riding mower.
- 14. Do not direct the discharge towards bystanders.
- 15. Do not work outdoors in electrical storms.
- 16. Identify the type of plants and their potential hazards before trimming and cutting.

#### • PESTICIDE AND FERTILIZER APPLICATION/SPRAYING

- 1. Follow label instructions and MSDS when applying fertilizers, pesticides, and herbicides.
- 2. Inspect equipment for leaks, loose nuts, and valves. Faulty equipment must be reported to your supervisor immediately and use must be terminated.
- 3. Wear prescribed PPE (i.e., goggles, gloves, respirator, rubber boots, etc.).
- 4. Open cuts, scratches, and etc., shall be protected before handling or applyingpesticides.
- 5. Never transfer pesticide or fertilizers into an unmarked or unlabeled container. Keep containers tightly closed.
- 6. Do not store pesticides near sources of heat.
- 7. Keep an inventory of all pesticides.
- 8. Do not transport pesticide containers in the cab of a vehicle.
- 9. Do not smoke, or carry smoking materials, while handling or spraying pesticides and fertilizers.
- 10. Shower as soon a possible at the end of a workday involving handling of pesticides, herbicides, and fertilizers.
- 11. Do not mix fertilizers with gasoline or cleaning agents.
- 12. Wash hands and arms thoroughly before eating, smoking, or drinking.
- 13. Store hazardous chemicals on non-impervious surfaces (i.e., metal shelves, plastic shelves, etc.).
- 14. Store fertilizer in cool and dry places.
- 15. Clothing saturated or impregnated with flammable liquids, corrosive substances, irritants, or oxidizing agents shall be removed immediately and shall not be worn until properly cleaned.

#### MECHANICS

#### GARAGE AND REPAIR SHOP SAFETY

#### • JACKS

- 1. All jacks should be equipped with a safety ratchet that prevents the load from dropping if the pressure is released.
- 2. Hydraulic jacks should only be used to raise a piece of machinery into position. After

machinery is in position, jack stands must be placed under a load bearing member.

## • ELECTRIC CHAIN HOISTS

If all hoists are not provided with a check stop and a wire rope around the support "I" beam and fastened to the hoist, do not use the hoist.

## • PITS

- 1. Floor openings, such as drain troughs, should be guarded with covers. If any unguarded floor openings are found, inform your supervisor at once.
- 2. Make sure all pits are provided with a curb four to six inches high to prevent vehicles from drifting into the pit.
- 3. Be certain that all open pits are provided with portable railings or standards when not in use.
- 4. Be sure steps into pits are clean and free of grease, oil, and water. Tools, parts, etc., must not be left on steps.
- 5. Lights in pits should be enclosed in vapor proof fixtures. If the lights are not of this type, inform your supervisor.

# • WASHING PARTS

- 1. Use only solvents that are low in toxicity and have a high boiling and flash point.
- 2. Be sure that the parts washers are complete with lids that are counter-weighted.
- 3. Carbon tetrachloride or gasoline should never be used for cleaning parts or indegreasing jobs.

# WELDING SAFETY

- 1. Welding will not be performed until one has been trained in the safe operation of all assigned welding equipment as well as the processes involved.
- 2. Obey all warning signs that are posted designating weldingareas.
- 3. When working adjacent to welding areas, one must be protected from radiant energy, spatter of welding, and cutting arcs by non-combustible shields and shall be required to wearsuitable eye/face protection and protective clothing.
- 4. Before starting to weld or cut, welders must have permission of the supervisor and shall continue only so long as conditions at the welding site areunchanged.
- 5. When arc welding and arc cutting with open arcs, helmets or hand shields with filter lenses and cover plates will be used by operators and others when viewing the arc. Safety spectacles with side shields or goggles will also be worn.
- 6. Employees (including helpers) operating resistance welding or brazing equipment willuse face shields or goggles.
- 7. All welders and cutters will wear protective flame resistant gloves.
- 8. Proper ventilation will be used and/or respiratory protective equipment to allwelding/cutting areas to reduce air contaminants to allowable levels.
- 9. In performance of welding and cutting operations, only approved equipment shall beused.
- 10. Cylinders stored inside building shall be kept away from highlycombustible materials and in locations where they are not subject to excessive rise in temperature, physical damage, or tampering. Keep protective caps on.

- 11. No devise or attachment facilitating or permitting mixture or air or oxygen with combustible gases prior to consumption, except at the burner or in a standard torch or blow-pipe, shall be allowed.
- 12. The user shall not transfer gases from one cylinder to another or mix gases in a cylinder.
- 13. Acetylene gas shall not be generated, piped (except in approved cylinder manifolds and cylinder manifold connections), or utilized at a pressure in excess of 15 pounds per square inch gauge pressure.
- 14. The use of liquid acetylene is prohibited.
- 15. Acetylene gas shall not be brought in contact with unalloyed copper except in a blow-pipeor torch.
- 16. Oxygen shall never be used from a cylinder or cylinder manifold unless a pressure regulating device intended for use with oxygen, or so marked, is provided.
- 17. Fuel gas shall never be used from cylinders through torches or other devices equipped with shut-off valves without reducing the pressure through a suitable regulator attached to the cylinder valve or manifold.
- 18. Cylinders, valves, regulators, hoses, and other apparatus and fittings containing or using oxygen shall be kept free from oil or grease. Oxygen cylinders, apparatus, and fittings shall not be handled by oily hands, gloves, or other greasymaterials.
- 19. When moving compressed gas cylinders by crane, cradles shall be used in order to reduce the possibility of dropping. Ordinary rope slings or electromagnets shall not beused.
- 20. Oxygen and fuel gas cylinders and acetylene generators shall be place far enough away from the welding position that they will not be unduly heated by radiation from heated materials, by sparks or slag or by misdirection of the torch flame.
- 21. No gas welding or cutting shall be done in or near rooms or locations where flammable liquid, vapors, lint, dust, or loose combustible stocks are so located or arranged that sparks or hot material from the welding or cutting operations may cause ignition or explosion of such materials.
- 22. When welding or cutting, this must be done above or within ten feet of combustible construction or material, or above a place where workers are employed, or where persons are likely to pass, noncombustible shields shall be interposed to protect such materials and person from sparks, hot metal, or oxide.
- 23. One or more approved Class B or Class C fire extinguishers of suitable size shall be kept at the location where welding and cutting is being done.
- 24. When welding or cutting is done above or within ten feet of combustible construction or material, a fire watch shall be on hand.

# **VEHICLE/DRIVER SAFETY**

## • GENERAL

- 1. Vehicle and heavy equipment operators will perform a daily inspection and report to the supervisor prior to parting. As a minimum, the following will be checked:
  - a. On-road vehicles
    - 1) Brakes
    - 2) Emergency brakes
    - 3) Wipers
    - 4) Seat belts
    - 5) Lights (brake, head, tail and signal)
    - 6) Instruments for proper indication

- 7) Service type vehicles, for security of equipment
- b. Off-road vehicles per checklist for specific type equipment.
- 2. Fasten safety belts properly.
- 3. Drive at safe speeds. Slow down when crossing rough terrain, making a turn, and/or when pedestrians are present.
- 4. Keep hands, fingers, head, and feet clear when closing door, hoods, and trunks.
- 5. Stand clear of vehicles moving in reverse.
- 6. Never mount or dismount a moving machine or vehicle.
- 7. Do not jump off of truck bed or trailer.
- 8. Set parking brake before leaving the vehicle.
- 9. Do not operate engine driven construction or agriculture equipment until properlytrained and/or certification documented.

# • DRIVING/VEHICLE SAFETY

Please drive and maintain this vehicle as if you owned it. Continued use depends on conformation of these policies.

Warning may be given for violations of vehicle policies, depending on severity and frequency of the violations, your driving privileges of SCSD vehicles may be revoked at any time.

- 1. Set the parking brake and place the vehicle in gear (manual transmissions) or park (automatic transmissions) before removing any material from the truckbed.
- 2. Secure material to vehicles with chains or straps to eliminate or minimize shifting of the load.
- 3. No one is permitted to ride in trailers or truck beds.
- 4. Take slow, wide turns when towing trailers or welders.
- 5. Do not exceed the load capacity as posted on the door of the truck or trailer.
- 6. Do not place all of the load on one side of the truck or trailer.
- 7. Always remove keys and keep vehicle locked when not in use. Extra keys are kept at the office.
- 8. Transportation of any hazardous materials must be accompanied by the corresponding MSDS.

# • FUELING VEHICLES

- 1. Turn off the vehicle before refueling.
- 2. Do not smoke while fueling a vehicle.
- 3. Wash hands with soap and water if you spill gasoline on your hands.
- 4. Fuel and other emergency road purchases will be reimbursed upon receipt ofsigned tickets.

# • DRIVING RULES

- 1. Shut all doors and fasten your seat belt before moving the vehicle.
- 2. Obey all state and local traffic laws.
- 3. Maintain a three point contact using both hands and one foot, or both feet and one hand, when climbing into and out of vehicles.
- 4. Driving company vehicles while under the influence of alcohol or illegal drugs is strictly

prohibited.

- 5. Company vehicles shall not be parked at taverns or bars.
- 6. Open alcoholic beverages, or liquors with the seals broken, shall not be transported in a company vehicle.
- 7. Report any accident, theft, or traffic violation to your supervisor within 24 hours.
- 8. No hitch-hikers or unauthorized passengers are permitted.
- 9. Onlythe person assigned the vehicle can designate another SCSD employee as a driver. Be sure the designated driver has a valid driver license, prior to assignment.

## • VEHICLE MAINTENANCE

- 1. <u>Daily</u>
  - a. Check gas, oil, water, windshield wipers, horn, lights, brakes and seat belts before using vehicle. (\*)
  - b. Inspect fan belts and hoses for any visible cracks, leaks orbreakage.
  - c. Check to see that the following are in the vehicle:
    - 1) Fire Extinguisher
    - 2) First Aid Kit
    - 3) Current Vehicle Registration and proof of Insurance
    - 4) Accident Report
    - 5) Spare Tire and Jack
    - (\*) NOTE: If any vital fluids are low, replenish as necessary and check for leaks; DO NOT drive vehicle if any vital fluids are notable low.
      - If any critical part of the vehicle is found to be broken or
      - damaged;DO NOT drive vehicle, contact the office for assistance.

## 2. Weekly

- a. Inspect entire vehicle for loose or broken parts.
- b. Check tires for inflation, weather rot, and any uneven wear which might indicate misalignment.

## 3. Monthly

- a. Check for current registration.
- b. Check when vehicle should be serviced.
- 4. General
  - a. Drivers must have a request for vehicle repair form filled out by the Transportation Department shop supervisor.
  - b. Oil changes must be performed every 3,000 miles.
  - c. Employee is responsible for cleaning and washing vehicleweekly.

## • VEHICLE ACCIDENTS

- 1. Attend to the injured.
- 2. Call 911.
- 3. Obtain names of the other party and all witnesses.
- 4. Obtain policeman's name and accident case number.
- 5. Document a brief description of the accident.

- 6. Call office; report the accident to the Safety ProgramCoordinator and the Risk Manager.
- 7. Complete necessary forms.

## • BUS DRIVERS

- 1. Keep the bus clean and neat at all times.
- 2. Maintain a clear and unobstructed path to emergency equipment and exits from the bus.
- 3. Perform required bus pre-trip inspections to insure passenger safety and economyof operation.
- 4. Make sure all persons are off the bus before refueling.
- 5. Never permit a student to stand at the front of the bus or operate the service door handle.
- 6. Never leave the bus key in the ignition switch when the bus is parked or unattended.
- 7. Observe all Florida Motor Vehicle Laws, Suwannee County School Board policies, and Transportation Department procedures as outlined in the Bus Driver Observation Procedures.

# • TRANSPORTATION EMPLOYEE DRUG AND ALCOHOL TESTING

# POLICY

The School Board Omnibus Transportation Employee Testing Drug Act and Alcohol Testing Manual is hereby incorporated by reference and made a part of this Rule. Any revisions shall be approved and adopted by the School Board.

In 1991, Congress passed the <u>Omnibus Transportation Employee Testing Act (OTETA)</u>. Known as 49 CFR Part 382, this federal law was passed because several train, truck, and subway accidents occurred as a result of operators who were drunk or on drugs. This law applies to anyone who holds a commercial driver's license, and as a condition of employment, is required to drive a commercial vehicle.

For employees of the SCSD, OTETA applies to anyone who holds a commercial driver's license and drives a school bus, a county vehicle weighing over 26,000 pounds, or who is in a "safety sensitive position" in regard to transporting passengers, equipment, or SCSD property. This federally mandated OTETA is now incorporated into the SCSDrules. These include random unannounced alcohol and other drug testing, additional driver and

# STATUTORY AUTHORITY

supervisor training, and other items.

Section 232.22(2), Florida Statues

## LAWS IMPLEMENTED

Section 234.091, Florida Statues; 349 CFR Part 40, Department Of Transportation; 49 CFR Parts 382 & 391, Federal Highway Administration

Revised: January 1998

## ADDITIONAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE DRUG AND ALCOHOL TESTING POLICY FOR ALL EMPLOYEES IS UNDER SECTION IX ALCOHOL AND DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE PROGRAM.

#### WAREHOUSE PERSONNEL

- 1. Floors in the warehouse must be kept clean and aisles unobstructed to allow easy and safe access to stored materials.
- 2. Aisles must be kept clear and provide unobstructed access to exits.
- 3. Fire exits must be kept clear of all obstruction.
- 4. Lifting should be done from a knee-bending position, not by learning forward and pickingup the item. This will allow the leg muscles, not the back, to lift the weight.
- 5. Use ladders with anti-slide grips. Do not place ladders in front of doors or on unstable bases. Always face toward the ladder when ascending or descending. Do not use the topstep.
- 6. Use only approved equipment (mobile stairs, ladders, etc.) to retrieve materials from high shelves.
- 7. Observe manufacturers, or supervisors, instructions on how many cartons can be safely stacked.
- 8. Materials which can tip easily must be laid flat or secured.
- 9. Report inadequate lighting (burned out bulbs or blocked lights) to your supervisor.
- 10. Use approved hand trucks, dollies, and other equipment to move heavy and/or awkward loads.
- 11. Store all hazardous or potentially hazardous products in designated area immediatelyupon receipt.

## • FORKLIFTS

- 1. Only authorized and trained personnel are allowed to operate the forklift.
- 2. The forklift must be moved with the forks elevated just enough to clear the floor.
- 3. When approaching a blind corner with the forklift, sound the horn, reduce speed, and proceed with caution.
- 4. Do not leave a forklift unattended with the motor running.
- 5. No riders are permitted on the forklift at any time.
- 6. If seat belts are provided, use them.
- 7. Turn forklift slowly to prevent tipping and over-turning.
- 8. Lower load before moving forklift.
- 9. Rubber hose, welding cables, etc., must not be run over by lift trucks and heavyobjects. Hoses and cables should be coiled and stored when not in use.

## HEAVY EQUIPMENT SAFETY

## • BULLDOZERS AND TRACTORS

1. The condition of the equipment should be checked before operating. This should include

brakes, clutches, steering mechanisms, hydraulic, and electrical systems. Any defect should be immediately reported to the supervisor.

- 2. Before starting down a hill, the blade should be lowered to secure and maintain a load of earth all the way down the hill. If the load is lost, the blade should not be jammed into the ground as this might cause overturning. The dozer blade must never be used as a brake on downgrades.
- 3. Filling operations can be very dangerous. The material should be pushed over the edge only as far as necessary. This could prevent the possible overturning of themachine.
- 4. When coupling a tractor to other equipment, workers should stand clear of the space between the units. The machine should be stopped, the transmission placed in neutral, and the brakes set before a person is allowed to couple the equipment.
- 5. At the end of a work shift or when leaving the machine, the power should be shut off, the brakes should be set, blade landed, and the shift lever placed in neutral.

## • SHOVELS, CLAMSHELLS, AND LOADERS

- 1. All workers should be clear of the bucket swing and the cab rotation. Never swing the bucket or clamshell over other workers.
- 2. When soil is soft, make sure the equipment is on solid foundation (mats or heavy planking) with outriggers fully extended before starting tooperate.
- 3. Before operating on a bank next to an excavation, a check should be made with the supervisor or engineer to determine whether shoring or bracing isnecessary.
- 4. No one should be permitted in the cab with the operator.
- 5. The operator should never leave the machine on an inclined surface, or on loose material with the motor idling, because vibration could put the machine in motion.